Paralax Advanced Research

Ohio Federal Research Network (OFRN) Background

2015 to Present

Opportunity Days - April 2022

Mark Bartman, Maj Gen (Ret.)



Ohio Federal Research Network (OFRN)



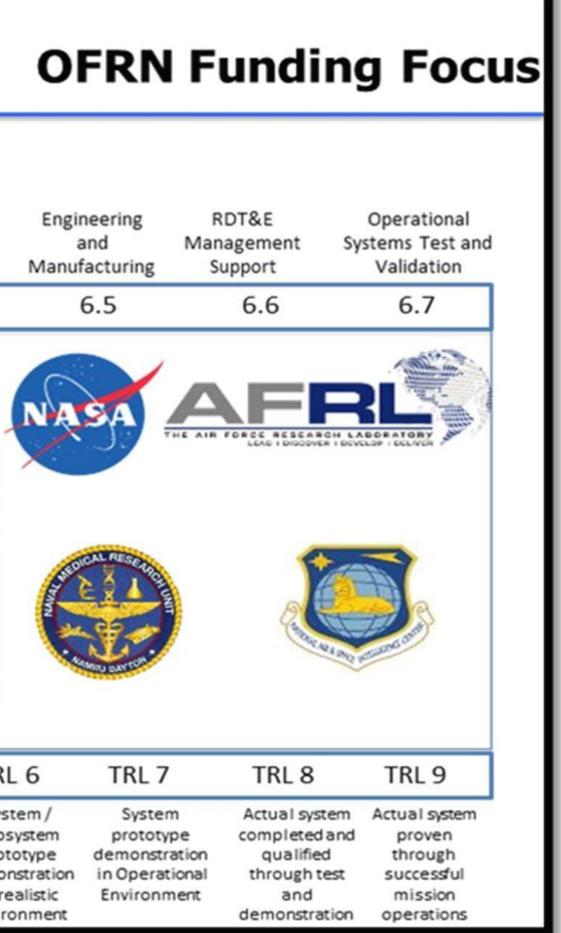




Ohio Federal Research Network (OFRN) \$50M of State Funding Total for FY16-23

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	BASIC esearch and evelopmen	d Rese	oplied arch and lopment 6.2	Advanced Technology Development 6.3	Demonstr and Validati 6.4	ion
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	S					
NASA T	RL1	TRL2	TRL 3	TRL 4	TRL 5	TRI
		Concepts Application Focus	Analysisand Experiments	Concept and Breadboard in Laboratory	Component and Breadboard Validation in Realistic Environments	Syst Subs prot demor in re Enviro







OFRN Program Impact



Industry-sponsored Research

Follow-on Funding Awarded





97 **Business partners** engaged

10Spin out companies created



\$35.2M

Cost Share





Funding Round Terms Key

R1 - The OFRN Centers of Excellence Round 1 projects R2 - The OFRN Centers of Excellence Round 2 projects R3 - The OFRN_SOARING Initiative Round 3 projects R4 - The OFRN_SOARING Initiative Round 4 projects R5 - The OFRN SOARING Initiative Round 5 projects

STRUCTURAL

R1 – University of Toledo "Adaptive Bio-Inspired Aerospace Strue R1 – University of Akron "High Performance Plastic Substrates R2 - University of Dayton Research In "Cost Effective 3D Printed Complex Ge R2 – The Ohio State University "Carbon Nanotube Electro-Thermal Ice

SENSORS & AWARENESS

R3 – GhostWave "Optical-Radar Sensor Fusion for UAV Onboard Detect and Avoid"

R4 - Youngstown Business Incubator "Geometrically Complex 3D Printed Sensors"

R5 - The Ohio State University

"Affordable LIDAR Technologies for Integration Unmanned Deployment (ALTITUDE)*

R5 - Asymmetric Technologies, LLC "Autonomous Capabilities for CASEVAC and Resupply in UrbanEnvironments (ACCRUE)"

COMMUNICATION

R2 – Wright State University "C2PNT Intelligent Channel Sensing"

COMMAND & CONTROL

R1 - Wright State University "Augmented UAV Operator Hu R2 - University of Cincinnati Advanced Cognitive and Physic R4 – CAL Analytics Interoperability in the Modern U/ R4 – Riverside Research Computer-Human Interaction fr



Contact us today or visit our website to learn about each initiative and project round: https://www.ohiofrn.org

OFRN Rounds 1-5 Projects

***Interactive PDF available at:

https://ohiofrn.org/ohio-federal-research-network-rd-projects

The Ohio Federal Research Network (OFRN) is a program managed by Parallax Advanced Research Corporation in collaboration with The Ohio State University and funded by the Ohio Department of Higher Education. OFRN has the mission to stimulate Ohio's innovation economy by building vibrant, statewide university and industry research collaborations that meet the requirements of Ohio's four federal laboratories and create leading-edge technologies that drive economic development in Ohio. OFRN, codified in state statute, invested to date more than \$50 million to advance applied research to address federal needs. Since 2014, the OFRN has achieved the following:



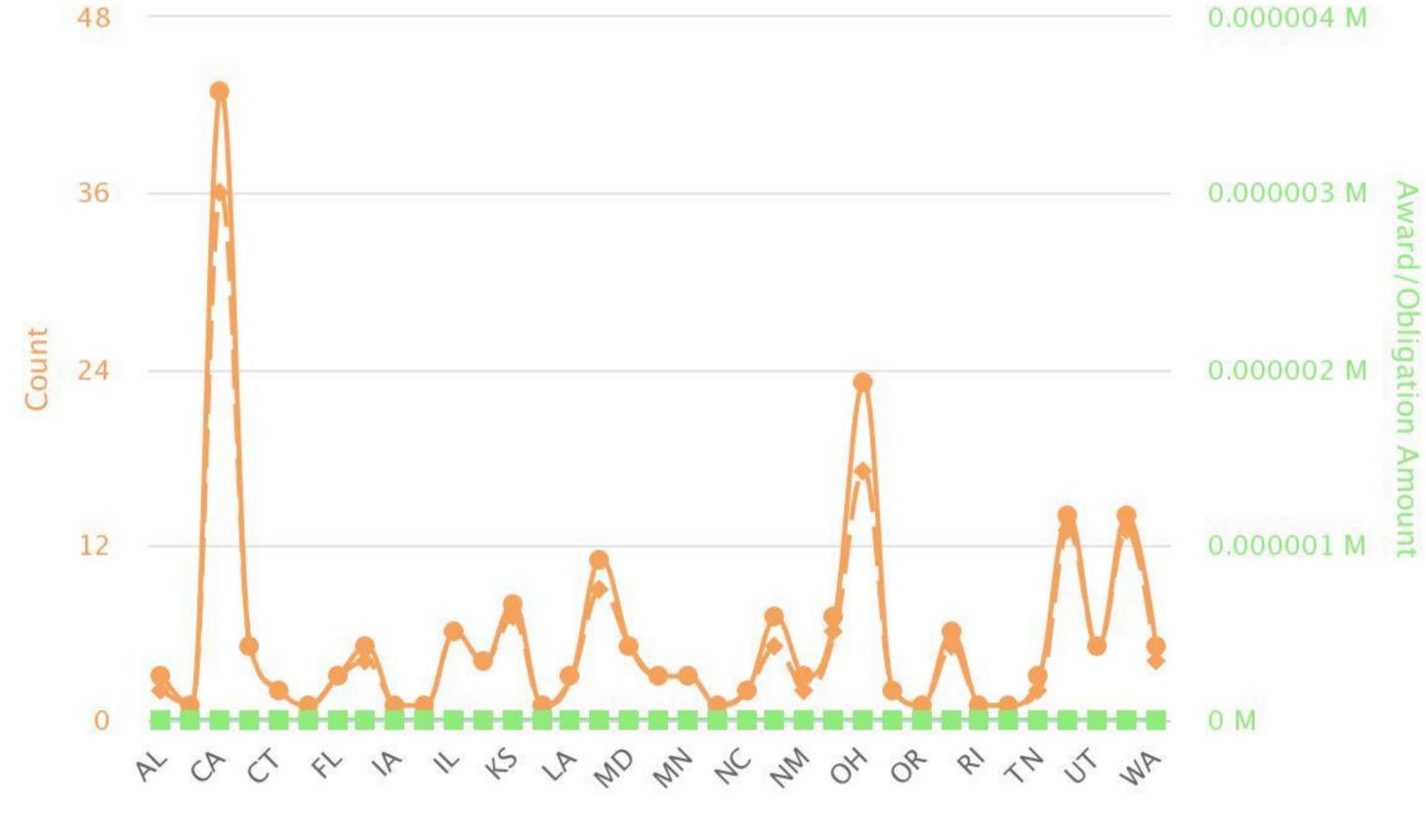
\$211M+ in follow-on funding	35 research projects funded	21 academic partners	97 industry partners
CONTROL R1 – Ohio State University "Intelligent Control Archited R2 – Ohio State University "Effects of Motion Sickness of Military Health"	ture" R3 – Persistent Surve "Automated Cirrus S n R4 – Asymmetric Tec	aluation, Verification and Validat eillance Systems R22 for Surveillance or Personn	
		POWER	
uctures Actuated by Shape Memory s for Flexible Electronics" Institute	Alloys"	R1 – Case Western Res "Multifunctional Structu R1 – University of Akro "High Density Li-ion Batt R1 - University of Day "High-Energy Long-Life / R4 – Kent State University	iral Battery" on ery with Silicon Anodes" ton Research Institute e Li-S Battery"
Geometry Composites" e Protection System for UAVs"		"A Hybrid Fuel Cell – Ba R5 - Safran Power USA	attery/Capacitor Power Source for UASs , LLC DC Generator System for
¢		R5 - Miami University "High Reliability, Low EN Conversion for Air & Spa	II, Wide Bandgap Power ice Applications⁼
		PROPULSIO	N
n and		"High Temperat R1 – Ohio State "Hybrid Turbo-E R2 – Ohio State "Advanced Turbi R3 – Ohio State	Electric Propulsion" University ine Cooling"
	AEROSP	ACE AWARENESS	
	"Human- R3 – Unive "RouteMa Digital Infra R4 – Ghos	tWave d Optical-Radar Sensor Fusion Sj	Traffic Management
fachine Interface (HMI)*	R5 - Flight "Low Altit	profiler ude Weather Network (LAWN)"	
weat Biosensing for Operators' Traffic Management Architectures'	~		
apid Frogram Analysis through Cognit	ive Collaboration'		
		PLANNING R1 – Wright Stat "Regional I	e University UAV Live-Virtual-Constructive Enterprise"

ofrn@parallaxresearch.org



Award Count

Award Summary By State







Ohio Federal Research Network (OFRN)

Total SBIR/STTR Awards - 53

100%		100%			
	NSF, 3				
90%	Navy, 2	90%			
0070	NASA, 3		16		
80%	DOE, 4	80%			
70%	DHA, 4	70%			
1070	Army, 5	60%	10		
60%					
		50%			
50%		40%	10		
40%		30%			
30%	Air Force -	20%			
	AII, 32	2070	17		
20%		10%			
10%		0%			
/ -		N	umber of SBIR/STTR Awards		
0%		■ OFR	N Round 1 OFRN Round 2		
• • •	Number of SPID/STTD Awards		\blacksquare OFRN Round 3 \blacksquare OFRN Round 4		

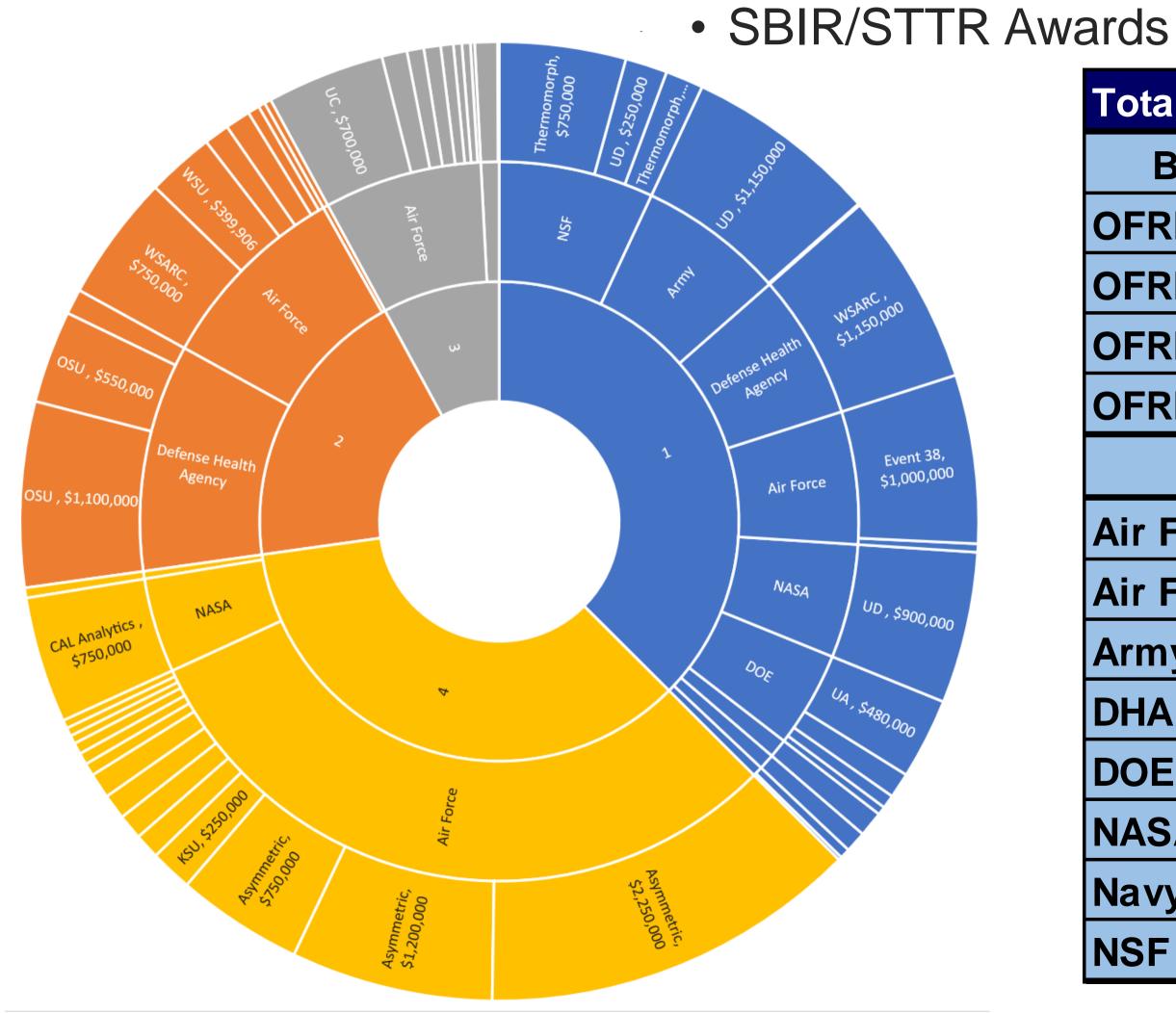
Number of SBIR/STTR Awards



OFRN Round 3 OFRN Round 4

OFRN U.S. Government Impact







Total	\$17,617,297		
By Generating OFRN Round			
OFRN Round 1	\$6,600,000		
OFRN Round 2	\$3,399,906		
OFRN Round 3	\$1,395,000		
OFRN Round 4	\$6,222,391		
By Agency			
Air Force - AFWERX	\$4,379,906		
Air Force - All	\$9,272,297		
Army	\$1,345,000		
DHA	\$2,950,000		
DOE	\$760,000		
NASA	\$1,775,000		
Navy	\$210,000		
NSF	\$1,225,000		



OFRN Spin Out Companies

• Lifetime U.S. Government Funding Impact

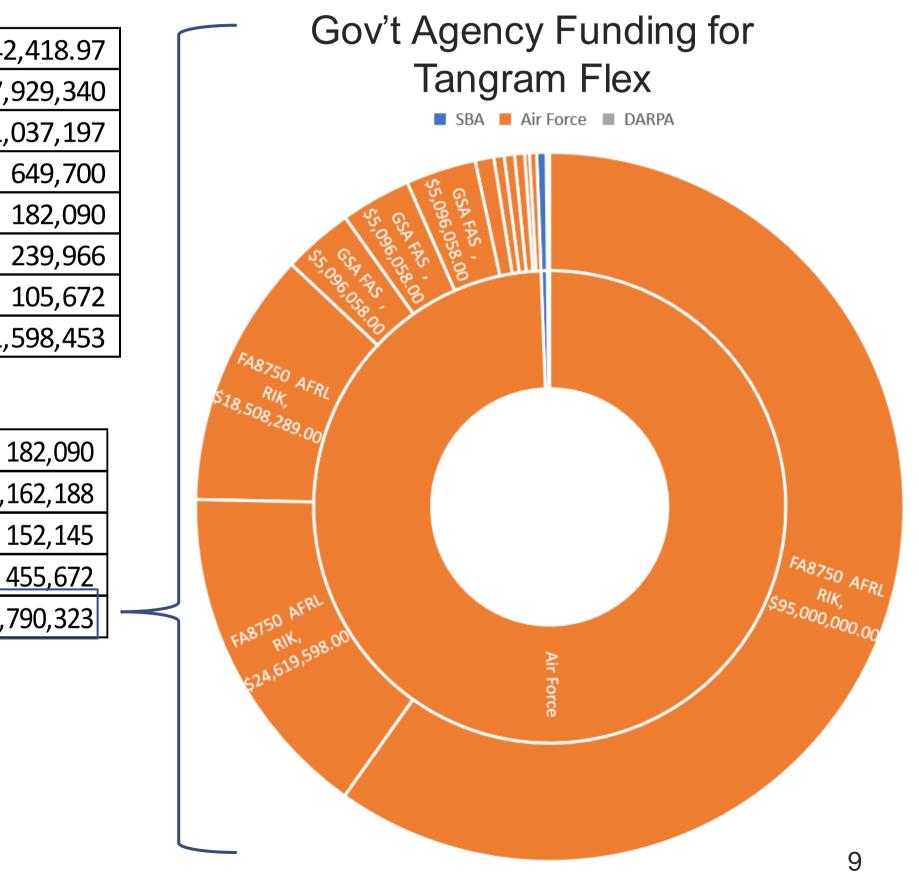
Gov't Agency Funding for OFRN-related Spin-out (not including Tangram Flex)



Total	\$ 161,742
Air Force - All	\$ 157,
DARPA	\$ 1,
DOE	\$
NASA	\$
Navy	\$
NSF	\$
SBA	\$ 1,

3Dnol	\$
Fenix Magnetics	\$ 1,
Kairos Research	\$
Thermomorph	\$
Tangram Flex	\$ 158,



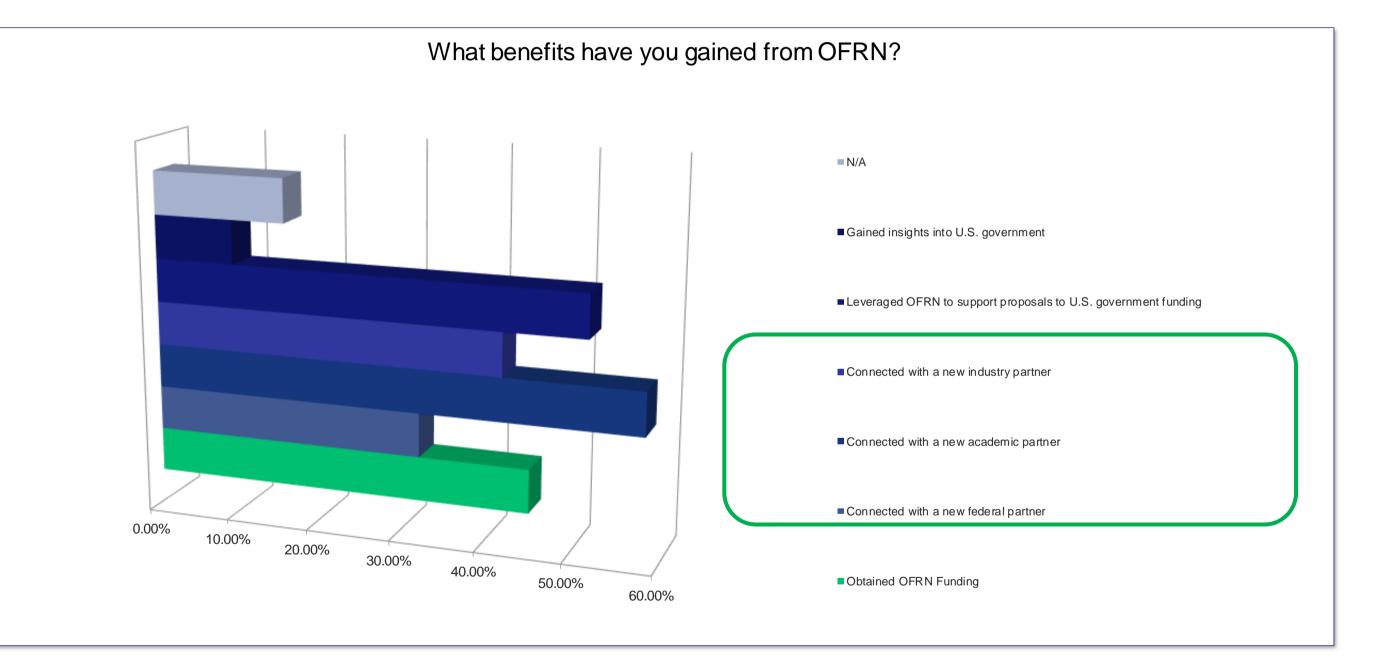




Prior Proposers Feedback

OFRN program continues to provide benefits to our network and build interest.

Where are you coming from?				
Answer Choices		Responses		
Academia	43.75%	5 14		
Industry	56.25%	5 18		
Government	0.00%	6 0		
	Answered	32		
		1		
Were you select	ed for OFR	N funding?		
Answer Choices	Resp	onses		
Yes	43.75%	14		
No	50.00%	16		
N/A	6.25%	2		
	Answered	32		
	•	•		
Would you submit for funding from				
an OFRN Round 6?				
Answer Choices	Responses			
Yes	87.10%	27		
No	12.90%	4		
	Answered	31		









Thank you!





NAMRU-D/NAMRL Research Overview

Richard D. Arnold, Ph.D. Director, Naval Aerospace Medical Research Laboratory NAVAL MEDICAL RESEARCH UNIT DAYTON Approved for public release; distribution unlimited





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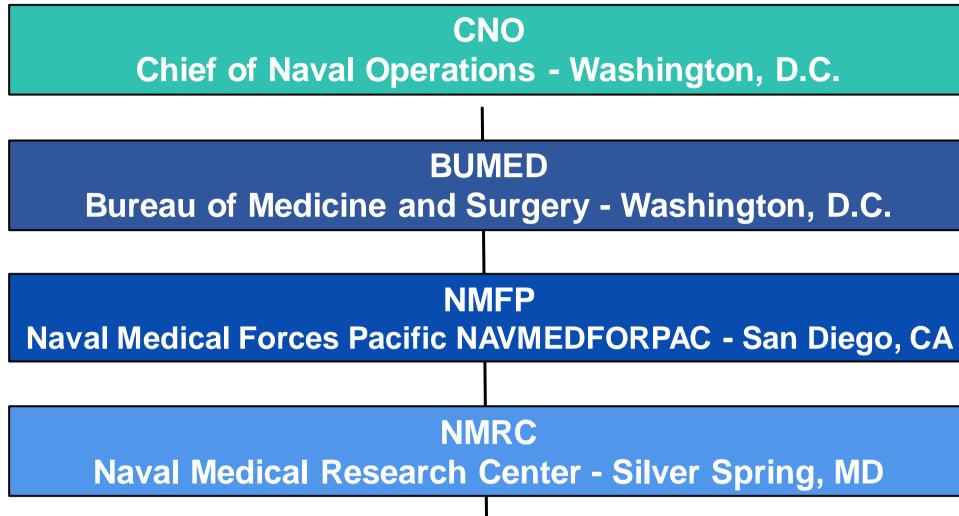
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Navy Medicine Research & Development



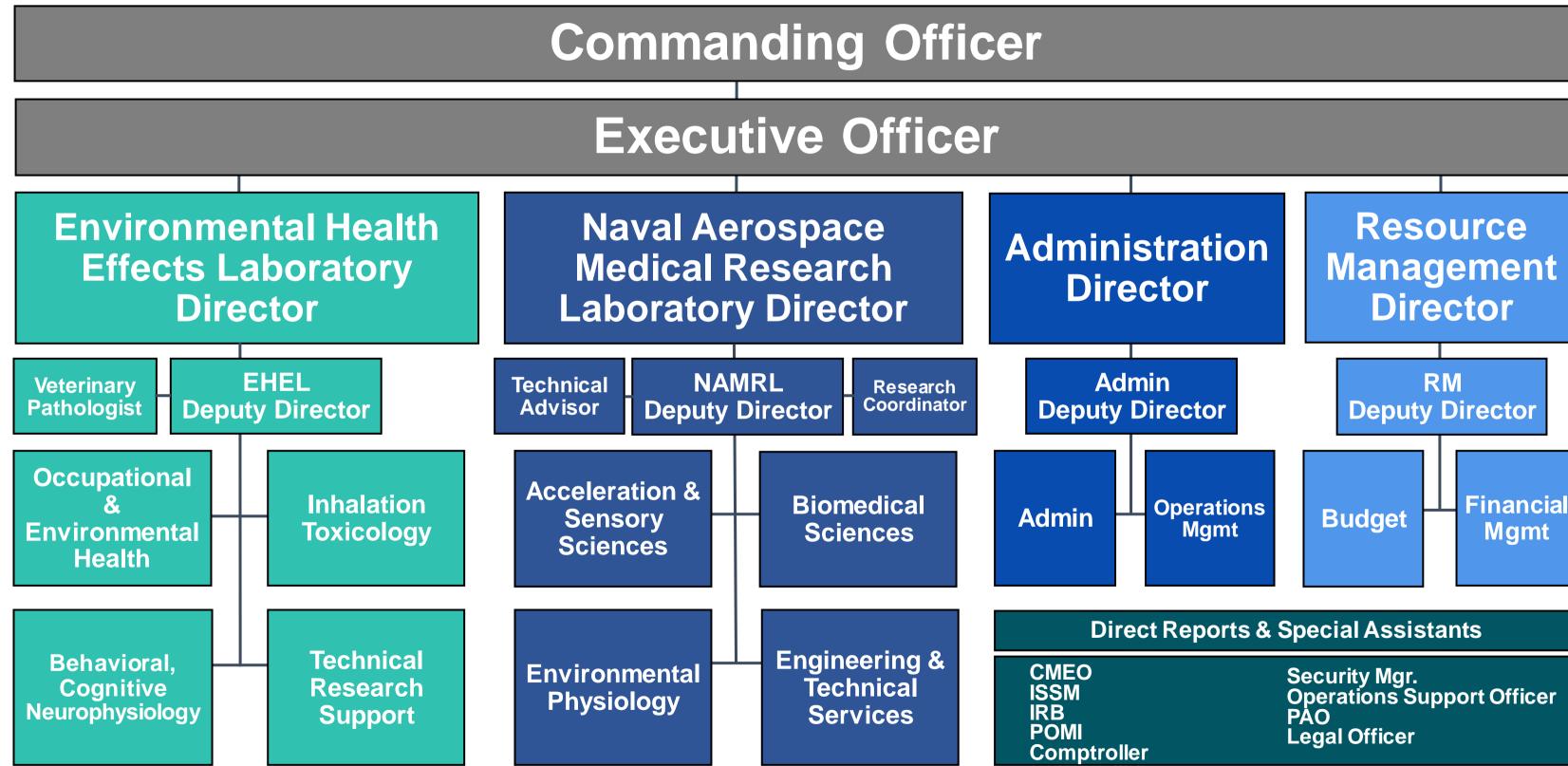








Naval Medical Research Unit Dayton





Federal Sponsors







Community Relationships



29 Support Agreements - \$51M

21 Cooperative Research & Development Agreements - \$217K **3** Educational Partnership Agreements



External & Educational Collaborations

Overview

Mission

To protect and enhance the readiness, performance, and survivability of naval and joint warfighters by conducting operationally relevant environmental health effects, toxicology, and aerospace medical research.

Vision

To be the premier laboratory delivering world class medical research in support of naval and joint warfighter superiority.

Values

We anticipate and respond to operational requirements by delivering research products that enhance the readiness, performance, and survivability of the naval and joint warfighter.



Mitigate and prevent leading factors associated with aviation mishaps. Protect and enhance the health, readiness, and performance of aircrew.

Acceleration &BiomedicalEnvironmentalSensorySciencesPhysiology







Engineering & Technical Services



Core Research Programs

- Acceleration & Multisensory Effects
 - Vestibular Physiology
 - Spatial Disorientation
 - Motion Sickness
- Aircrew Neck/Back Pain & Injury
- Altitude Effects
 - Respiratory Physiology
 - In-cockpit Physiologic Monitoring
- Fatigue Assessment & Mitigation
- Vision Standards & Performance
- Aviation Personnel Selection Testing
- En Route Care



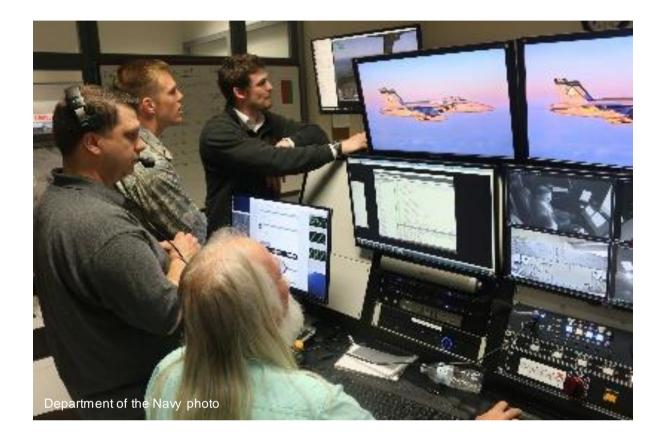




Research Facilities

- Human-rated Motion Platforms
 - DRD/Kraken
 - Moog
 - Rotating Chair Devices
 - Vertical Linear Accelerator
 - Visual Vestibular Sphere Device
- Spatial Disorientation Simulators
- Altitude Effects
 - Environmental Chamber
 - Reduced Oxygen Breathing Environment
 - Sensors Lab
 - Respiratory Physiology Labs
 - Unmanned Breathing Systems Lab







Research Facilities

- Operational Biomechanics & Ergonomics (OBiE) Lab
- Sleep & Fatigue Lab
- Vision Research Lab
- Mixed Reality Simulation
- Naval Extended Reality User Support (NEXUS) Lab
- Cognitive Neuroscience Lab
- MV-22 Osprey
- Fabrication Shop
- Wet Lab







Research Program: Acceleration & Multisensory Effects

Human Rated Motion Platforms

Disorientation Research Device (DRD): Kraken™

- One of a kind national research asset
- Motion in full six degrees of freedom; fully capable of human in the loop control, flight simulation driven motion or basic research capabilities
- Motion base is a 35.5 ft. diameter platform turning 245,000 lbs. of rotating mass & two 50 ft. arms
- Capable of sustained planetary acceleration field up to 3.0 G
- Up to 680 lbs. of customer payload and 32 cubic ft. configurable payload space with single seat installed
- Time max $G \leq 5$ seconds
- All 6 axes are bi-directional & all can operate simultaneously
- Breathing system installed
- EEG and HMD capable



AMRU-Davton

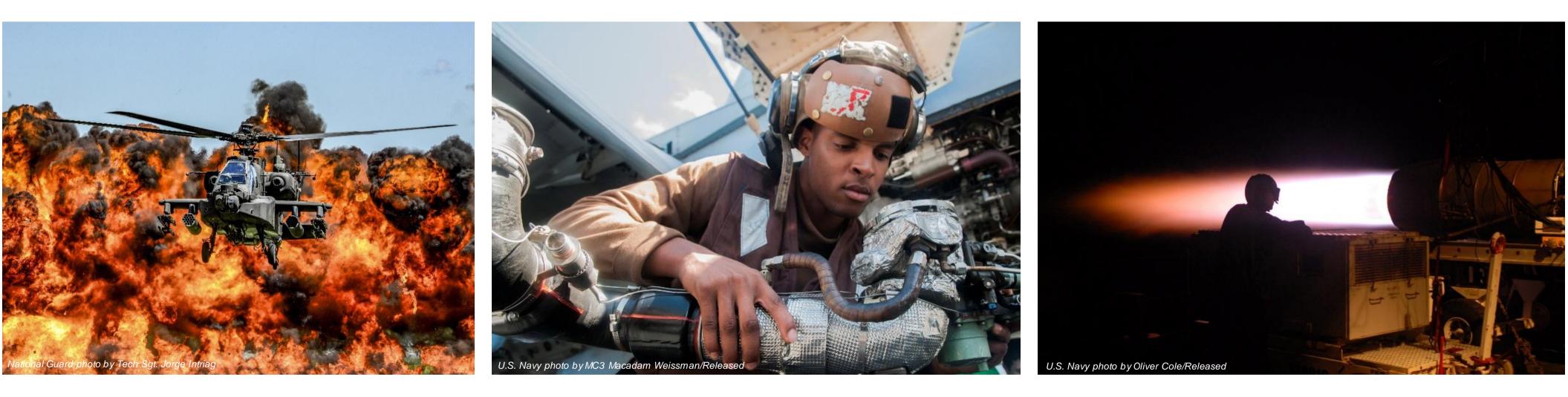


Environmental Health Effects Laboratory

Health effects of environmental hazards/stressors

Chemical Stressors

Physical Stressors Combinations/Co-stressors





Environmental Health Effects Laboratory

Core Capabilities

- In vivo exposures; unique expertise in inhalation toxicology
- In vitro exposures
- Determinations of health effects of exposure
 - General/gross tissue changes
 - Hematology & clinical chemistry
 - Ex vivo tissue analyses
 - Hearing testing
 - Microbiological/microbiome alterations
 - Chemical & analytical testing
 - Pulmonary assessments
 - Cognitive & behavioral testing
 - Neurophysiology evaluation
 - Reproductive & developmental effects
- Risk Assessment



IAM RU-Davtor







Partnering with NAMRU-D

Partnerships and research collaborations are of high interest to NAMRU-D.

- OFRN alignment to NAMRU-D mission priorities \bullet
- DoD and non-DoD research solicitations \bullet Intramural and extramural solicitations
- SBIR/STTR
 - STTR allows for active participation by a gov't lab
- Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) \bullet
- Contracting mechanisms
- Educational Partnership Agreement (EPA) \bullet



Leadership Team



Walter W. Dalitsch III CAPT, MC, USN *Commanding Officer* walter.dalitsch@us.af.mil





Mr. Tyson Gross Director, Resource Management tyson.gross@us.af.mil



John Oliva LCDR, MSC, USN Director for Administration john.oliva.1@us.af.mil Karen Mumy Ph.D. Director, Environmental Health Effects Laboratory karen.mumy@us.af.mil



NAM RU-Dayton

Distribution A: Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Juliann Althoff CAPT, MC, USN *Executive Officer* juliann.althoff@us.af.mil





Richard Arnold Ph.D. Director, Naval Aerospace Medical Research Laboratory richard.arnold.10@us.af.mil

QUESTIONS?

VAMRU DAY10





Thermal Management for Electrified Aircraft

April 12, 2022 Ezra McNichols, NASA GRC Email: <u>ezra.o.mcnichols@nasa.gov</u>

Prepared for: The Ohio Federal Research Network



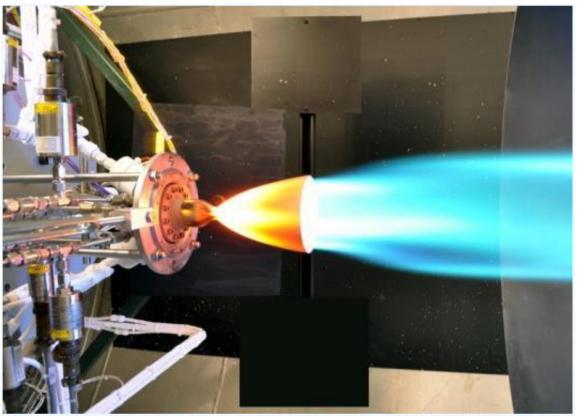
NASA Glenn Research Center Core Competencies



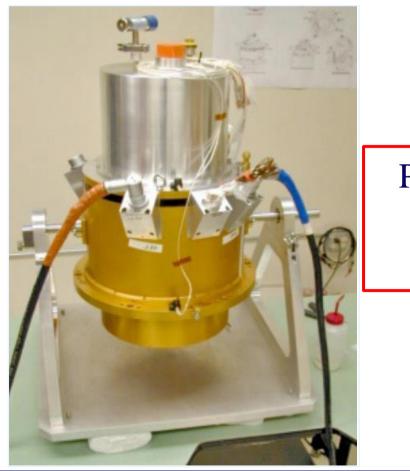
Air-Breathing Propulsion



Communications Technology and Development



In-Space Propulsion and Cryogenic Fluids Management

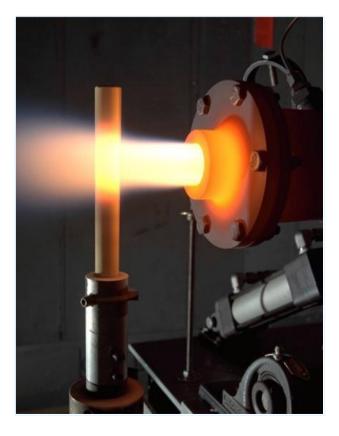






Physical Sciences and Biomedical Technologies in Space

Power, Energy Storage and Conversion



Materials and Structures for Extreme Environments

NASA Aeronautics Strategic Thrusts





Safe, Efficient Growth in Global Operations



Innovation in Commercial Supersonic Aircraft

• Achieve practical, affordable commercial supersonic air transport



• Realize revolutionary improvements in economics and environmental alternative propulsion and energy

Safe, Quiet, and Affordable Vertical Lift Air Vehicles

including new missions and markets



In-Time System-Wide Safety Assurance

• Predict, detect and mitigate emerging safety risks throughout aviation systems and operations

Assured Autonomy for Aviation Transformation

• Safely implement autonomy in aviation applications











• Achieve safe, scalable, routine, high-tempo airspace access for all users

performance for subsonic transports with opportunities to transition to

• Realize extensive use of vertical lift vehicles for transportation and services

Electric Aircraft Thermal Management System (TMS) Challenges

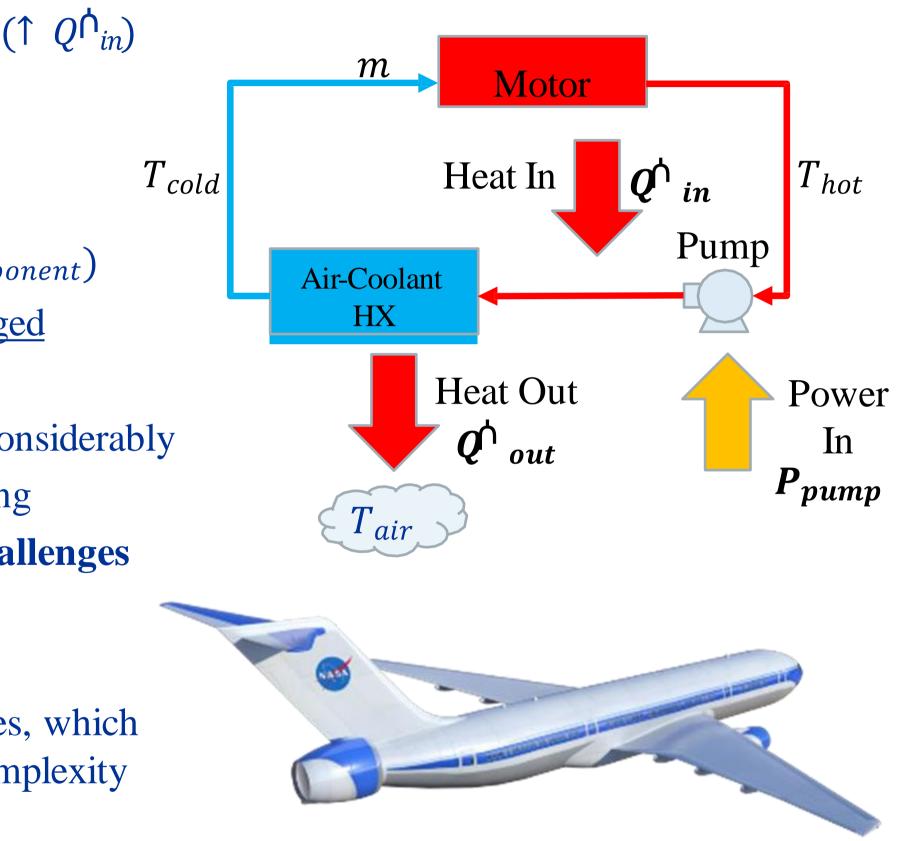
• Higher-rated motors require more aggressive cooling approaches ($\uparrow Q \uparrow_{in}$)

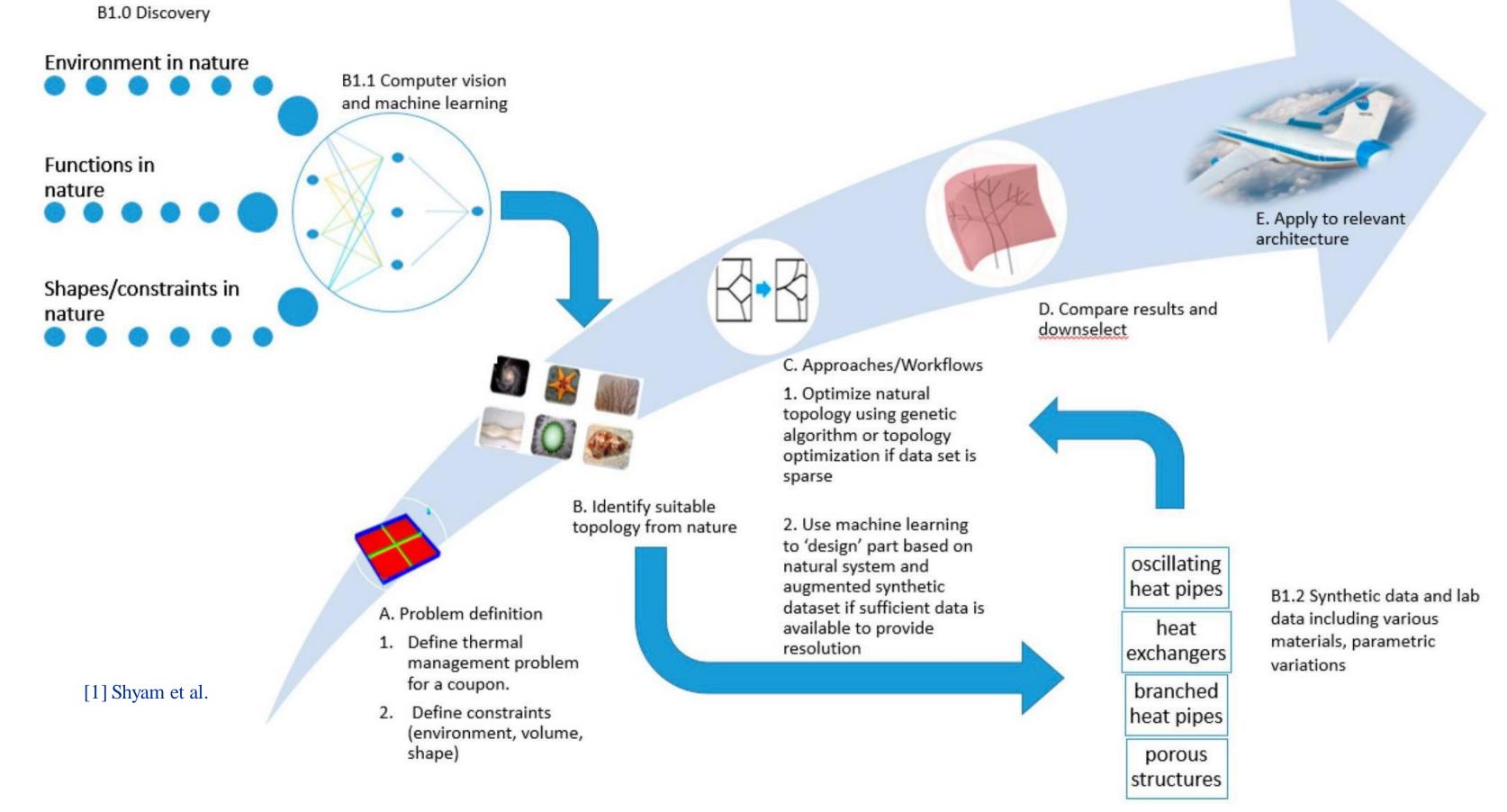
- Require more novel and invasive techniques(\u00e9 complexity)
- Large amounts of low-quality heat are generated
 - Low efficiency components (< ~98%), electronics ($\uparrow Q_i^{\uparrow}$)
 - Low temperature limits: $60^{\circ}C \leq T_{component} \leq 200^{\circ}C (\downarrow \Delta T_{component})$
 - -10 MW system with 2 % inefficiency = 200 kW heat to be managed
- Component reliability is considerably affected by temperature
 - Every 10°C decrease in component temperature can extend life considerably
 - But this causes the TMS to be more massive and power consuming

• Different vehicle configurations present different and variable challenges

- Varying & intense load profile over mission
- Different flight profiles will determine limits in rejection
- Physical vehicle constraints may limit components to small spaces, which may lead to greater potential for overheating and higher TMS complexity



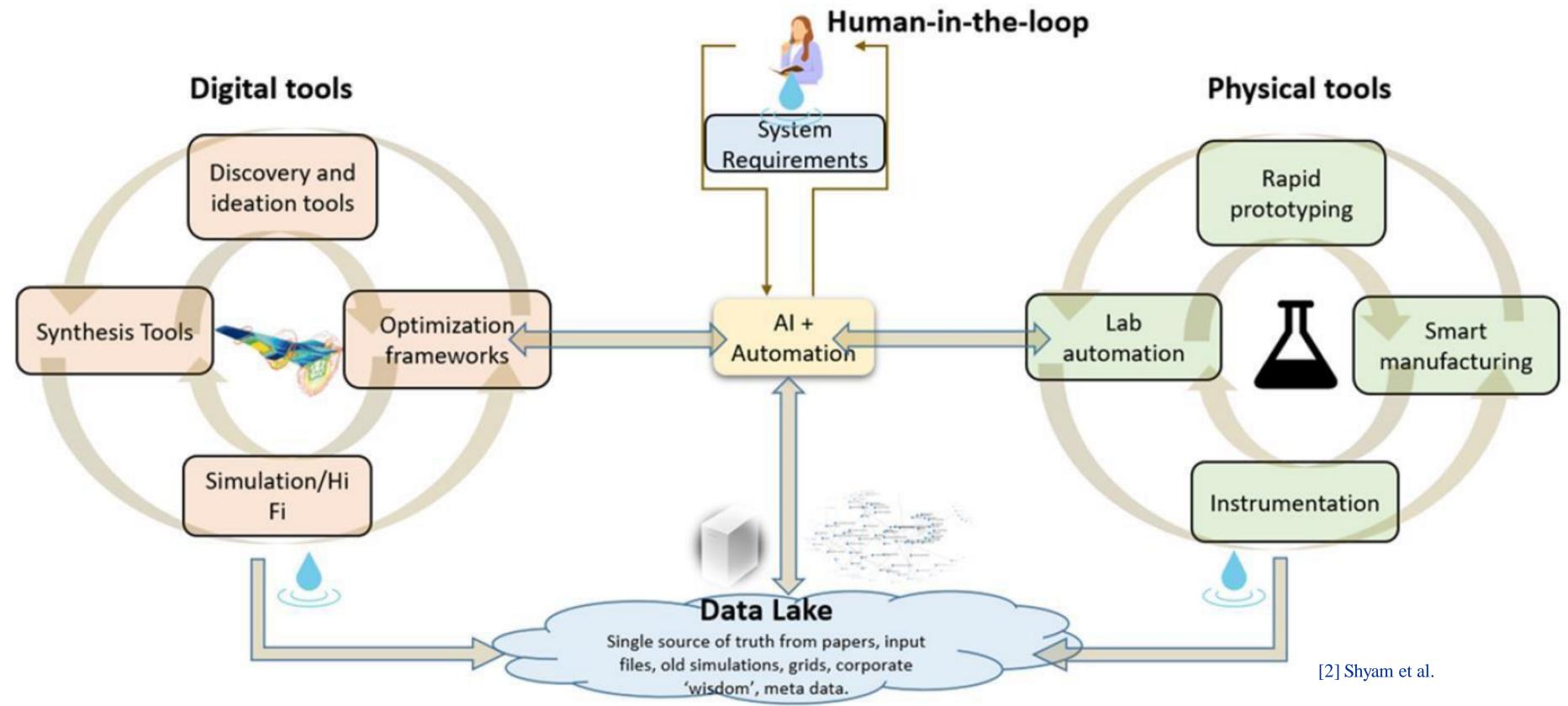




[1] Shyam, Vikram, Lauren Friend, Brian Whiteaker, Nicholas Bense, Jonathan Dowdall, Bishoy Boktor, Manju Johny, Isaias Reyes, Angeera Naser, Nikhitha Sakhamuri, Victoria Kravets, Alexandra Calvin, Kaylee Gabus, Delonte Goodman, Herbert Schilling, Calvin Robinson, Robert O. Reid II, and Colleen Unsworth. 2019. "PeTaL (Periodic Table of Life) and Physiomimetics" Designs 3, no. 3: 43. https://doi.org/10.3390/designs3030043



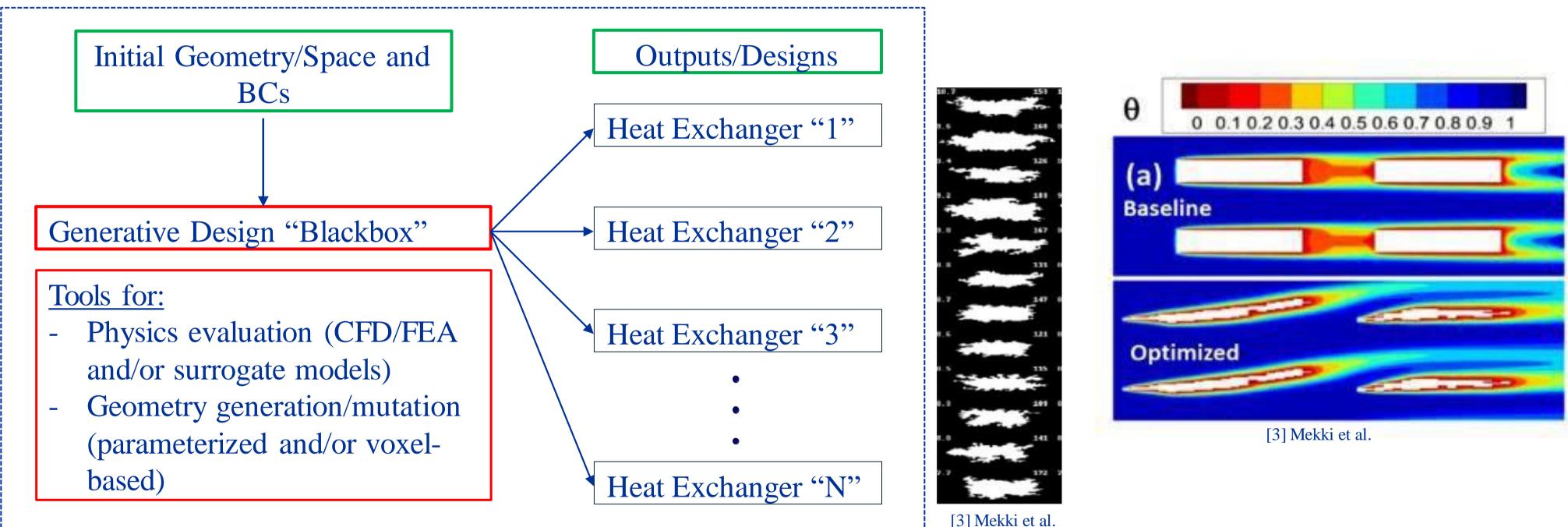
IDEAS – Intelligent Design and Engineering of Aerospace Systems



[2] Vikram Shyam, Paht Juangphanich, Ezra O. McNichols, Brooke Weborg, Herbert Schilling, Calvin Robinson, Kenji Miki, Manan A. Vyas, Arman Mirhashemi, Joshua Stuckner, Laura Evans, Samaun Nili and Ajay Misra. "IDEAS (Intelligent Design and Engineering of Aerospace Systems)," AIAA 2022-1043. AIAA SCITECH 2022 Forum. January 2022.



Leveraging Generative Design for Heat Exchangers



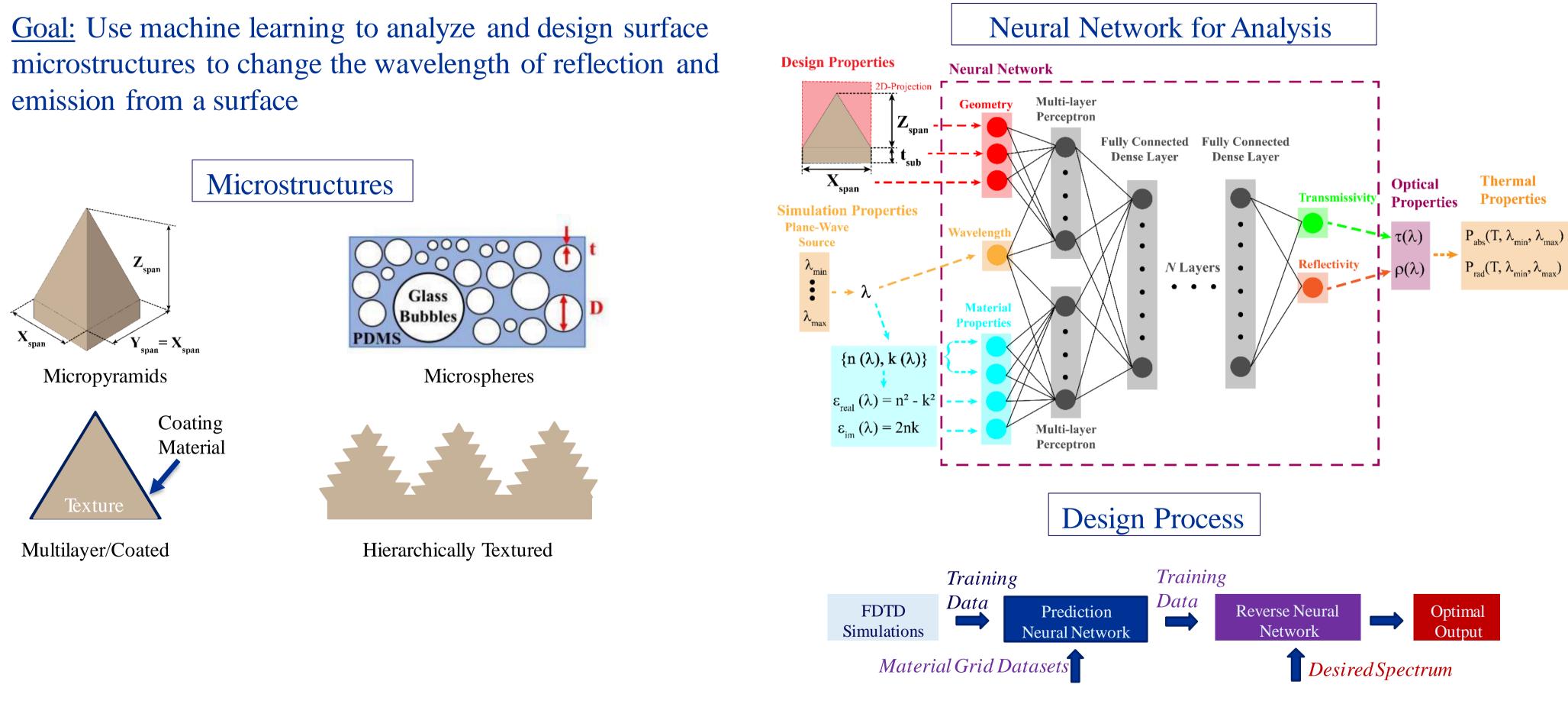
[3] Bashir S. Mekki, Joshua Langer, Stephen Lynch, "Genetic algorithm based topology optimization of heat exchanger fins used in aerospace applications", International Journal of Heat and Mass Transfer, Volume 170, 2021, 121002, ISSN 0017-9310, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ijheatmasstransfer.2021.121002.



[3] Mekki et al.

www.nasa.gov

Tunable Radiation with Surface Microstructures



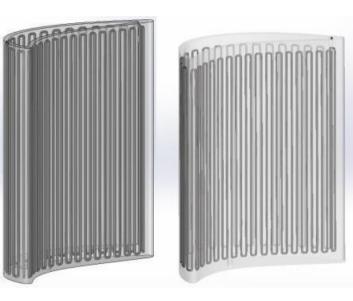


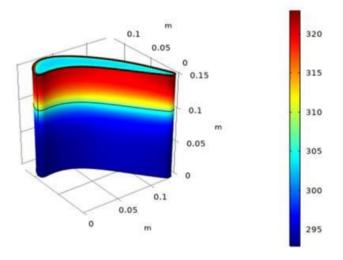
Multifunctional Heat Pipe Airfoils

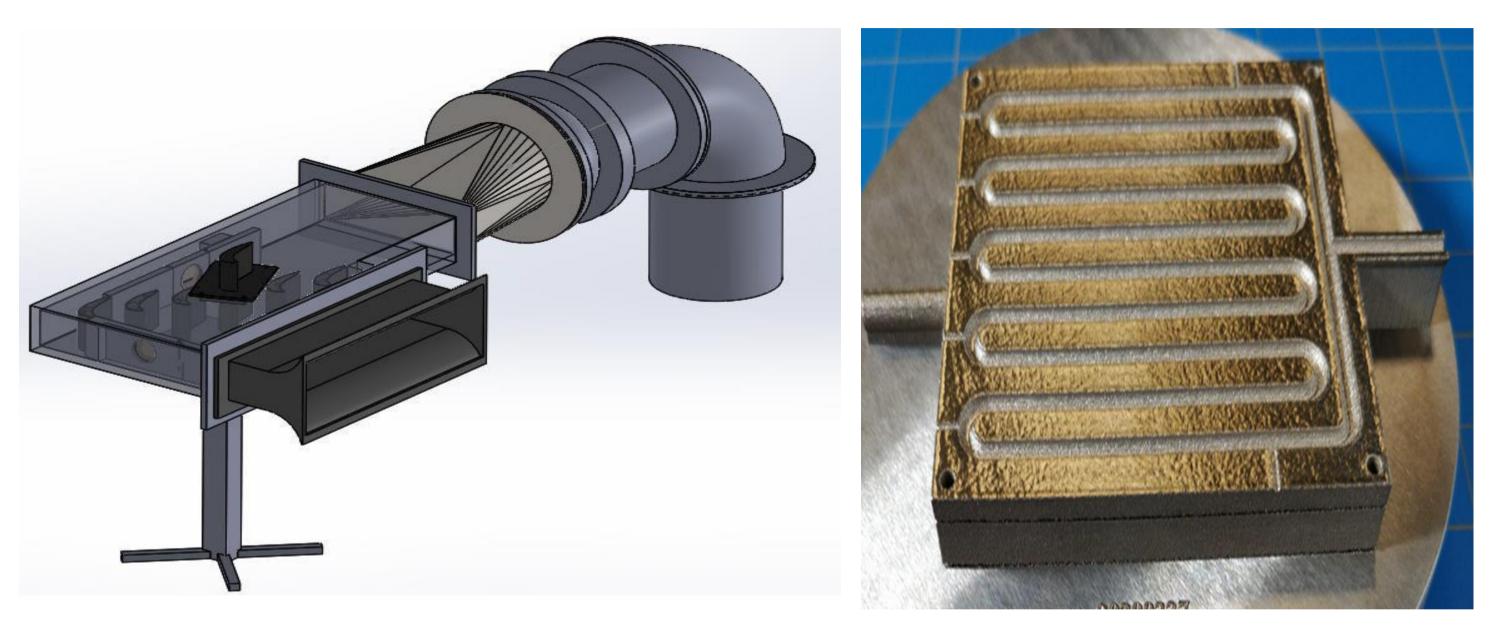
Design and Analysis Tool Development

Low Temperature Aero/Thermal Testing









Tools consist of:

- 0-D for Initial Sizing (thermal • resistance network)
- 3-D Multiphysics (ignoring external aero)
- 3-D Multiphysics (coupling with external aero)

Main Points:

- Goal of tests are to assess performance/stability, and to • compare to 3-D Multiphysics models (both levels of fidelity)
- For OHP designs, more emphasis on stability rather than comparison to tools



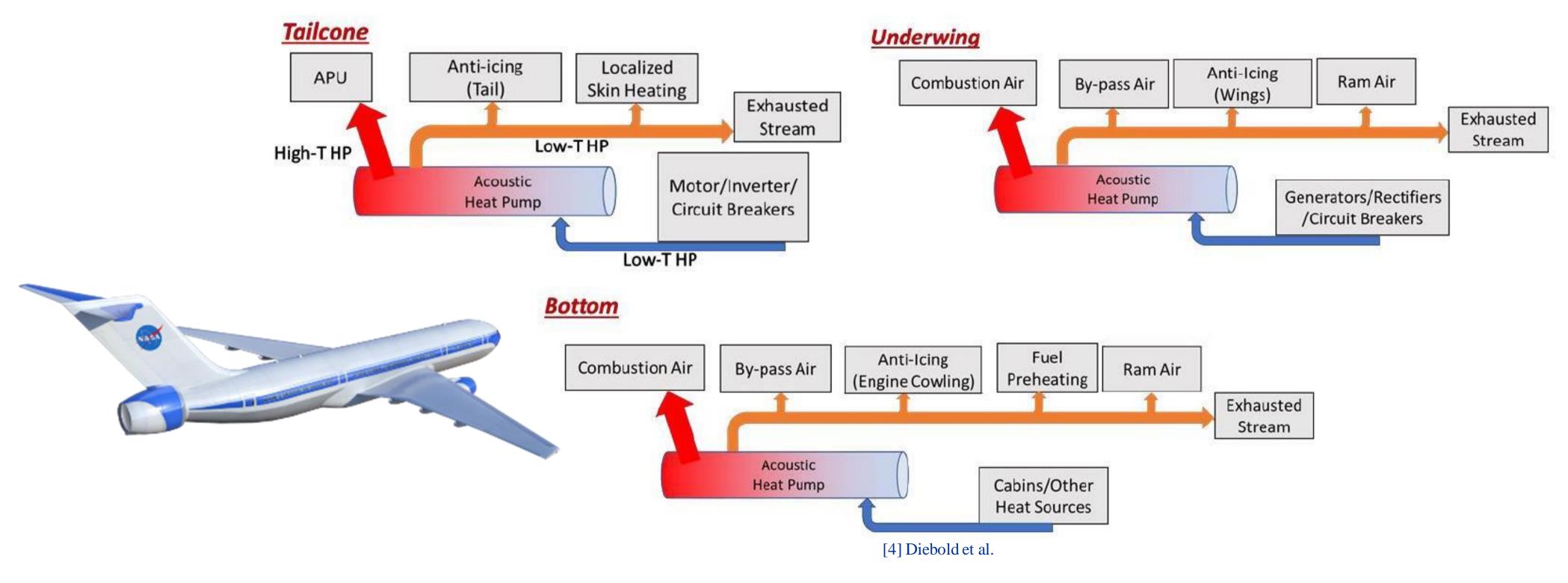
High Temperature Coupon Testing

Main Points:

Data for high temperature OHPs is scarce. • Only 1 published paper with this data (in 2020)

Thermal Management System with Solid-State Thermal Switching

Goal: Use heat pipes to passively (without electronic controls) redirect heat between multiple sources/sinks on the aircraft.



[4] Jeff Diebold, Calin Tarau, Kuan-Lin Lee, William Anderson and Rodger W. Dyson. "Electric Aircraft Thermal Management Using a Two-Phase Heat Transport System with Solid-State Thermal Switching Capability," AIAA 2021-3334. AIAA Propulsion and Energy 2021 Forum. August 2021.



What is needed?

- **Design and Analysis Tools**
 - Leveraging AI/Machine Learning to expedite the design/analysis process
 - Leveraging AI/ML to expand the design space
- Advanced Heat Exchanger Concepts
 - High thermal performance
 - Minimal weight
- Additively Manufactured Heat Pipes
 - Innovative wick designs, implemented through additive, may lead to an increase in performance and _____ limitations
 - Multifunctional design
- **Oscillating Heat Pipes**
 - Predictive modeling of this is extremely difficult and time consuming. This is the largest barrier for this technology to be implemented on a wider scale.
- Phase Change Materials



Previous NASA Funding Opportunities for Electrified Aircraft TMS

SBIR/STTR Program

- Numerous awards (~5 or 6) each year for Electrified Aircraft
- Thermal is crosscutting

NASA Fellowship Program

- 3 Fully-funded PhD Students
 - "Radiative Thermal Control by Novel Selective Emitter Materials" Jonathan Sullivan (University of California Irvine) • "Topology Optimization of Multifunctional Thermal Management Systems for Aerospace Applications" – Bashir Mekki (Penn
 - State University)
 - "Development of Ultra-Lightweight Acoustic Absorption Material/Structural System for Acoustic Management" Bharath Kenchappa (North Carolina A&T State University)

NASA GRC Independent Research and Development (IRAD) and Center Innovation Fund (CIF) Programs

- PI must be a NASA Civil Servant
- Teaming with Industry/Academia is encouraged
- Generally smaller funds than SBIR/STTR program



Links for NASA Calls for Proposal

- NASA Solicitation and Proposal Integrated Review and Evaluation System (NSPIRES)
 - <u>https://nspires.nasaprs.com</u>
- Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) & Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) Program
 - <u>https://sbir.nasa.gov/</u>





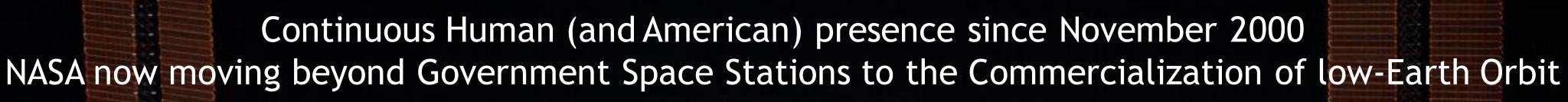


State of Ohio and Starlab-GWCSP Key leadership in the future of US Commercial Spaceflight

OFRN Opportunity Days John M. Horack, Ph.D. horack.1@osu.edu

The Ohio State University **April 2022**





Three awards made in December 2021 for Commercial free-flying space stations in low-Earth Orbit

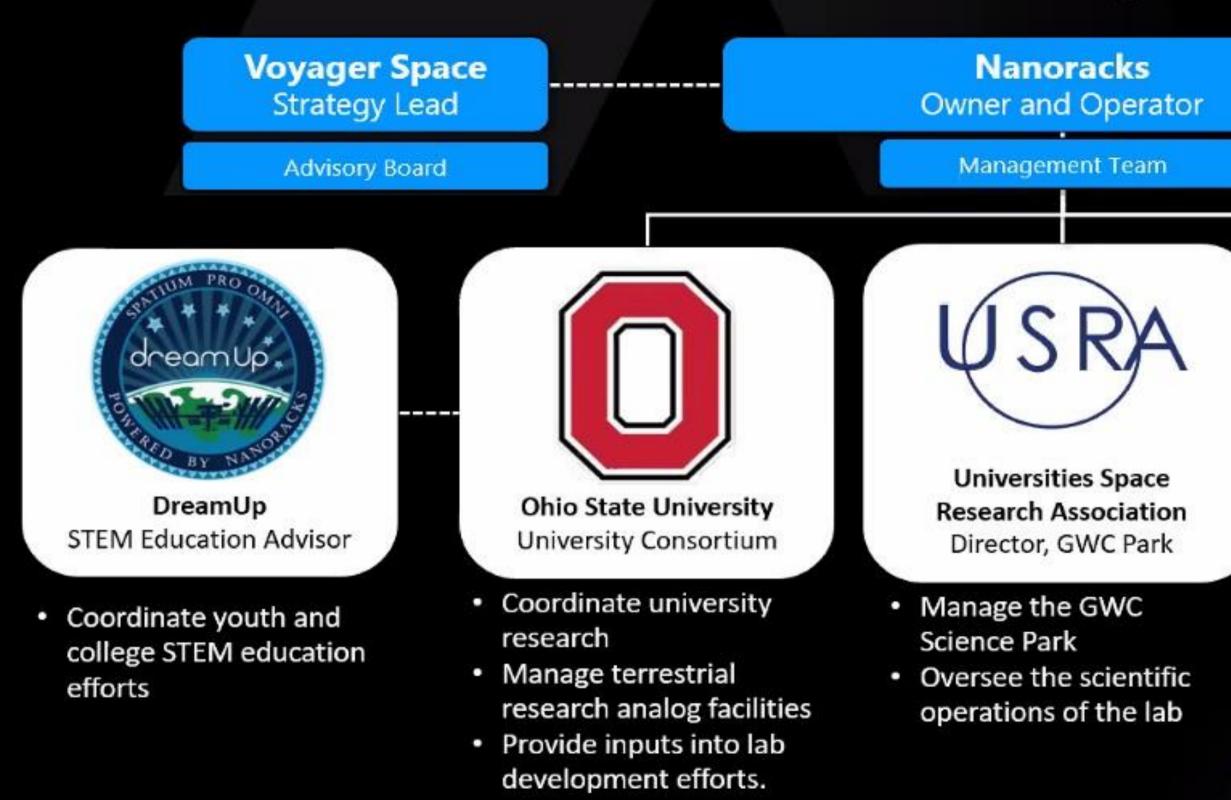
International Space Station

Starlab-George Washington Carver Science Park (Starlab-GWCSP)

- One of the three selectees, led by Nanoracks. Awarded \$160 million by NASA to get started.
- Significant Ohio-based leadership in Starlab-GWCSP
- Ohio State is responsible for 1.) developing and managing an academic research consortium that will drive Starlab research and technology development activities; 2.) develop a ground-based ag-bio laboratory for control experiments in 1-G (Earth gravity), and 3.) STEM education and outreach activities in partnership with DreamUp.
- Zin Technologies (Cleveland, Ohio), will develop the customer research and lab hardware for Starlab; the
- Universities Space Research Association (team based at NASA/Glenn Research Center in **Ohio)** will manage the operation of the GWC Science Park on orbit;
- Additional partners include the International Association of Science Parks and Areas of **Innovation** (Madrid, Spain), who will coordinate global outreach efforts to their member community; and Lockheed-Martin (Littleton, CO), who is responsible for engineering design work for the Starlab.

Ohio and Starlab-GWCSP

GWC Science Park Founding Partners



Industry expertise spanning decades of NASA projects, commercial development, and worldwide academic research



Lockheed Martin Spacecraft Integration Lead





International Association of Science Parks Global Engagement

- Foster a global network of academic and commercial researchers
- Build research pipeline to grow GWCSP utilization

ZIN Technologies Component Development

- Overall lab design, component upgrades, and overall architecture
- Develops key lab subcomponents

George Washington Carver Science Park Overview

First Science Park in Space

- Starlab Core
- First in-space member organization of the International Association of Science Parks (IASP)

Our Labs

- Feature dedicated laboratories for biology, plant habitation, physical sciences, and materials research
- Open workbench area and room for commercial projects.

Our Past

- Honors the scientific legacy of a great American scientist
- Starlab continues tradition of research, especially in the fields of agriculture and sustainability

Our Future

- Host and manage dedicated student programming by DreamUp and OSU
- Terrestrial analogs allows students to see and feel what conducting science in space is like

Our Process

Reconfigurable – allows for scientific components to be upgraded, replaced, or expanded
Leverage Nanoracks processes for gathering and reacting to academic, industry, and government input.



- Agriculture
- Astrophysics
- Atmospheric Physics, Weather, and Climate
- Biotechnology
- Combustion
- Communications
- Earth Remote Sensing
- Engineering, Hardware, and Sensor development
- Fluid Physics
- Human Health and Performance
- Materials Science
- Space Environmental Effects
- Space Plasma Physics
- Space Situational Awareness

- - 8 m diameter inflatable + metallic section
 - Total ~25 m in length
 - Four-person, permanent crew
 - ~335 cubic meters of volume
 - 60 kW solar power
 - Single-launch Initial Operational Capability

Starlab-GWCSP Research Areas and Figures



GWC Lab Components Summary

GWC Park Components											
Category	Element	Volume (m^3)	Mass (NTE, kg)	Power (W)	Owner/Responsible Partner	Ownership/IP Status	Development M	Development Method			
	ISPR Racks			HUNCH (Nanoracks) NASA-licensed IP Manufactured in-h							
	EXPRESS Racks				-house						
	Cold Stowage	1.571	800	900 ZIN Licensed/Purchased component Developed in-house with subc							
Core Canabilities	Combustion Facility	1.571	800	1000ZINOwnedDeveloped in-house with set							
Core Capabilities	Glovebox Facility	1.571	800	Coorde Machinetter Corres Coiones Derla							
	Microscope Facility	0.39	200	l Geo	George Washington Carver Science Park						
	Furnace Facility	0.79	400	ubcontractors							
	Additional NASA Heritage Payloads	4.71	312								
GWC Park Capabilities	GPL Bench Systems			l Th	The namesake clearly points to a strong						
	Space Acceleration Measurement	0.39	200		e namesane c	learly points t	o a sciolig	ubcontractors			
Capabilities	System	0.39	200		plant, bio, and agriculture focus.						
	Bioreactor	0.20	87.5		plunt, bio, a	nu ugi iculture	TUCUS.	ubcontractors			
	Cell Culture System	0.20	87.5	50	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Developed in-house with	subcontractors			
	Microplate Reader	0.20	87.5	2.4	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Purchased CC	DTS			
Biological	Real-Time PCR System	0.20	87.5	50	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Purchased CC	DTS			
Research Lab	DNA/RNA Sequencer	0.20	87.5	50	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Purchased CC	DTS			
Research Eas	Cell Counter / Cytometer	0.20	87.5	50	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Purchased CC	DTS			
	Centrifuge	0.79	175	200	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Developed in-house with	subcontractors			
	Transit Spectrometer	0.20	87.5	50	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Purchased CC	DTS			
	Microplate Hotel	0.20	87.5	50	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Developed in-house with	subcontractors			
Plant Habitation	Plant Growth Facility	1.571	700	560	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Developed in-house with	subcontractors			
Lab	Crop Mutation Facility	0.20	87.5	25	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Developed in-house with	subcontractors			
Dhusiaal Caianaa	Fluid Handling Facility	1.571	800	1000	ZIN	Owned	Developed in-house with	subcontractors			
and Materials Research Lab	Flash Freezer	0.20	87.5	50	ZIN	Licensed/Purchased component	Purchased component Developed in-house wit				
	Workbench Area	1.571	700	250	ZIN	Owned	Owned Developed in				
Customer Volume	Various Customer Payloads				Customers (managed by Nanoracks)	Customer-owned Varies		omer			

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GWC Science Park Regional Economic Development in Ohio

~200

MILLION

Starlab Terrestrial Analog Facility

- Location: KOSU Airport (potential)
- **Role**: Provide planning site for researchers, commercial partners, and Starlab operators; serve as a terrestrial control group for experiments; host student outreach and STEM engagement activities, events, and international visitors
- Types of Activities: Operations, Engineering, Research, STEM Engagement
- Projected Cumulative Research Pipeline (by 2035): **+600 M USD**



LOCAL JOBS

The Ohio State University

- **Location**: Columbus
- **Role**: Build and operate the Terrestrial Analog Facility; Manage the GWC University Consortium; Generate a research pipeline from academic and government users
- Types of Activities: Management, **Operations, Construction, Outreach**
- **Projected Subcontract Value** (2022-2027): **14 M USD**

International Engagement through **Global GWC Science Park Locations**

Outlined on following slide



ZIN Technologies

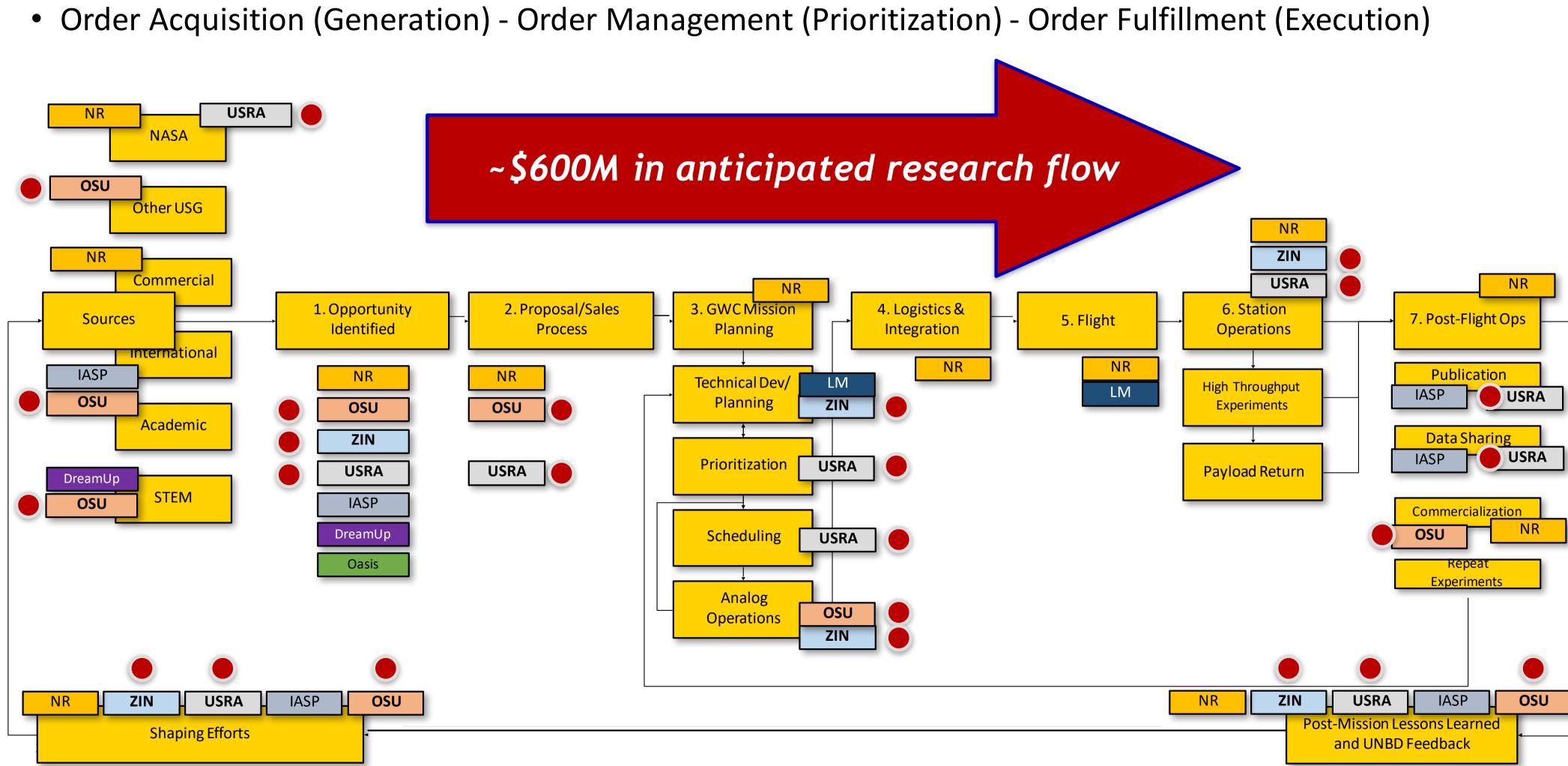
- **Location:** Middleburg Heights
- **Role**: Design and develop the scientific components of the GWC Science Park and other Starlab space habitat equipment
- Types of Activities: Engineering, Manufacturing
- **Current Employees: 205**
- **Projected Subcontract Value** (2022-2027): 152 M USD

Universities Space **Research Association**

- Location: NASA Glenn Research Center, Cleveland
- Role: Managing the scientific pipeline, day-today operations of the GWC Park, and postflight activities like publishing and commercialization
- Types of Activities: Management, Research, **Business Operations, In-Space Operations,** Publication
- **Current Employees: 420**
- **Projected Subcontract Value (2022-2027): 16 M USD**

BETWEEN 2022-2027

GWC Science Park Order Flow





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- Exploit synergies across university, private sector, and federal government to further develop Ohio-focused research thrusts for Starlab-GWCSP.
- Start "now" so that flight programs are ready for flight in the 2027 time-frame.
- Leverage Starlab-GWCSP for growth of STEM, education, and a pipeline for Ohio workforce development.
- Leverage Starlab-GWCSP for NSF, NASA, NOAA, EPA, USDA, DoD, and other research funding opportunities.
- Use Starlab-GWCSP as a hub for entrepreneurship, technology, new companies, and innovation.
- Create new innovation intersections in space, to benefit all on the ground "Agri-Bio Spaceflight Research"
- "Microbiome of Space Habitats"

OFRN - helping build Ohio as a global center for commercial spaceflight and low-Earth orbit research.

Ohio and Starlab-GWCSP - opportunities



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Scott Shearer shearer.95@osu.edu



Thank You.









1. U.S. Government Arrangements

2. Funding Opportunities

- 1. NASA Watts on the Moon
- 2. NASA LuSTR
- 3. NASA ULI
- 4. AFRL ManTech
- 5. DHS LRBAA
- 6. ODNI S&T Landscape
- 3. Who Can Help

4. Process Navigation Way Ahead



Driving Innovation Through Strategic Partnership

+ + + + + + + + +

Please feel free to ask questions throughout!



U.S. Gov't Business Arrangements

The Contracting Cone outlines the full spectrum of available FAR and Non-FAR contract strategies. The supporting materials provide details about each contracting strategy, to enable collaborative discussions to select the right strategy based on environment, constraints, and desired outcomes. The goal of this image is to provide visibility into new or lesser known strategies and ensure the full range of contract strategies are considered. Basic Ordering Agreement

Basic Agreement

Letter Contract (FAR 16.603)

IDIQ (FAR 16.5)

Multiple Award

Single Award

Negotiated Contracts [FAR 15]

Simplified [FAR 13]

Fed Supply Sched (FAR 8.4)

FAR Based

Non-FAR

Broad Agency Announcement (FAR 35.016)

SBIRJSTTR/15 USC637c)

Other Lansaugh

Set-Aside

Small Business (FAR 19)

Agreements (FAR 16.7)

Defense CGO Pilor (Section 819 2011/10044)

R&D ABreements

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Protome couse 237100

CRADA 115 USC 37108)

PIAIISUSC37151

TIA (32 CFR Part 37)

ProcuementorExperimentalDUSC23731

https://aaf.dau.edu/contracting-cone/

Blanket Purchase Agreement

PuldhaseOrder

Microputchase

Connercial Itens (FAR 12)

Blanket Purchase Agreement

Task Order/Delivery Order







U.S. Gov't Business Arrangements

		FFP	FPEPA	FPIF	FFP- LOE	Cost	CPIF	k
FAR Based	Federal Supply Schedules - FAR 8.4	•						
	Commercial Items - FAR 12	•	•					
	Simplified Acquisitions - FAR 13	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	Contracting by Negotiation - FAR 15	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	IDIQ Contracts - FAR 16.5	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	Letter Contract - FAR 16.603					N/A		
	Agreements - FAR 16.7	Agreements, not contracts						
	Small Business - FAR 19	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	BAA - FAR 35.106	•	•	•	•	•	•	
	SBIR/STTR	•		•	•	•	•	
	Defense CSO Pilot	•		•				
Non-FAR	Other Transaction Authority Agreements, not cont				contracts	200		
	Procurements for Experimental Purposes	Agreements or contracts (usually F						
	CRADA (15 USC 3710a)	Agreements, not contracts						
	PIA (15 USC 3715) Contract, agreement, or memorandum				andum of	ur		
	TIA (32 CFR Part 37)				Agreem	nents, not	contracts	

Link - https://aaf.dau.edu/aaf/contracting-cone/contract-type-matrix/





Prize Competitions / Challenges ?

Additional Agreement and Assistance Types

Education Partnering Agreement (EPA)

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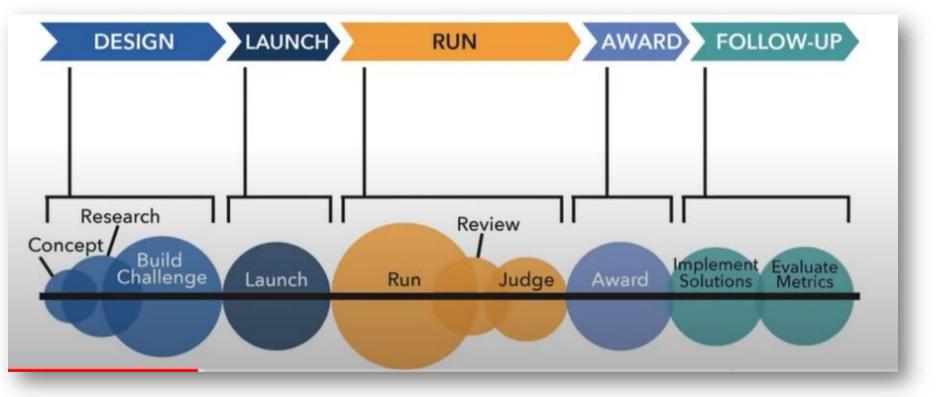
- Patent License Agreements (PLA)
- Testing Services Agreements (TSA)



U.S. Government Prize Competitions AKA "Challenges"

○ <u>Who</u>:

- All U.S. government department and agency are authorized to issue
- **Participants:**
 - Individuals who are over the age of 18 and are U.S. citizens or lawful permanent residents at the time of submission
 - Organizations: U.S. entities that are incorporated in and whose primary place of business is in the United States.
- <u>What</u>:
 - A form of crowdsourcing, where funding comes at the end
- When: Since 2010, the U.S. has run over 1,200 competitions
- Where: Challenge.gov
- <u>Why</u>:
 - Funding:
 - < \$100K to ~\$50M;</p>
 - Typically, below \$5M
 - Intent: Stimulate innovation that has the potential to advance the mission of the respective agency
 - IP: Law prohibits the U.S. government from gaining interest in IP developed by participating in a competition, without written consent of the participant; but the U.S. government may negotiate a license.







- Mission Capability Objective: Complement NASA investments in Lunar Surface Power Systems with 0 innovative prototypes that integrate two power system elements operating in vacuum and extreme cold:
 - Power Management and Distribution from a remote power source
 - Energy Management and Storage to survive and operate when the energy source is not available

- Level One: Preliminary Design Review (due: June 15, 2022)
 - Analytical system design, expected performance, and plans for testing and risk reduction
 - Outcome: Seven (7) teams receive a cash prize (\$200K) and progress to Level Two
- Level Two: Critical Design Reviews (due: February 2023)
 - Hardware component/system testing data and final plans for testing and risk reduction

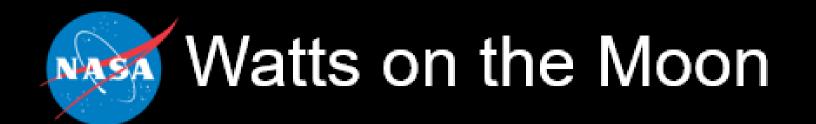
 - Outcome: Four (4) teams receive a cash prize (\$400K) and progress to Level Three
- - One Grand Prize Winner (\$1 million), One Runner Up (\$500K)

https://www.nasa.gov/directorates/spacetech/centennial_challenges/watts-on-the-moon/index.html

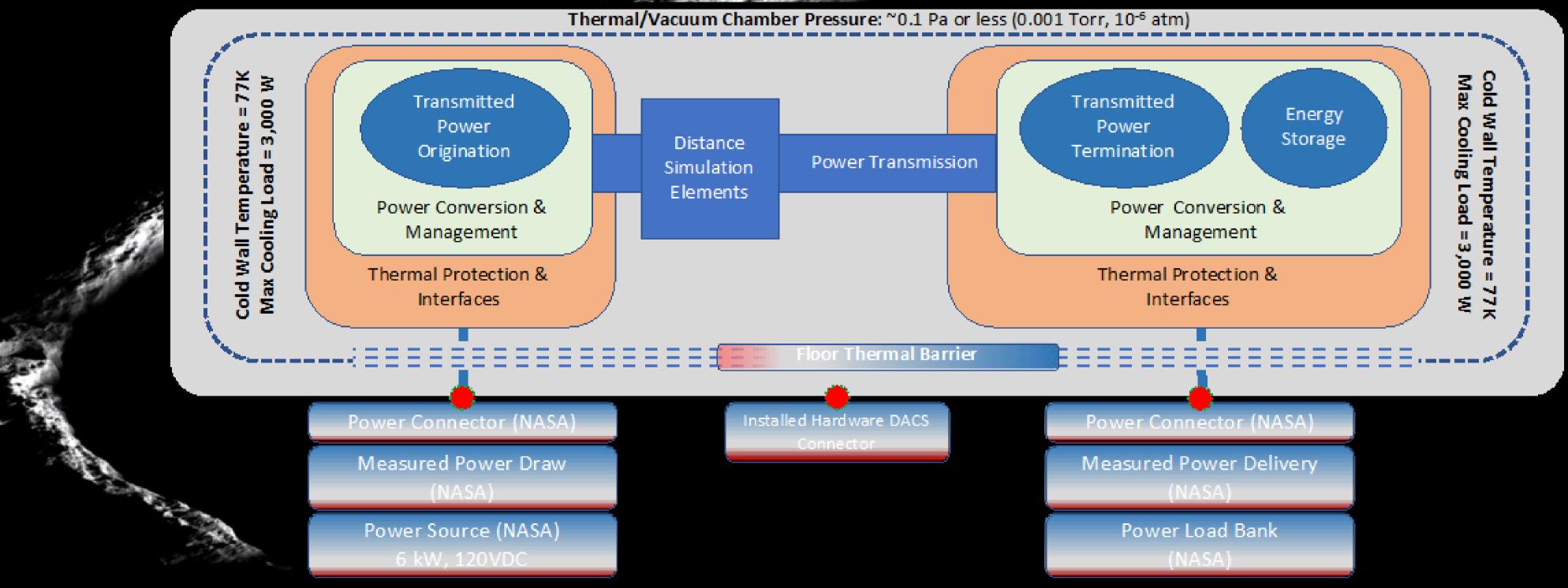
Three "levels" of challenge provide interim cash awards and help meet final performance requirements

Ambient performance demonstration: 3 km power transmission and energy storage charge/discharge cycling

• Level Three: Prototype performance demonstration in a NASA lunar environmental testing facility (April 2024) Prototype systems demonstrate integrated power transmission and energy storage over a 50-hour timeline Winning entry has the lowest Total Effective System Mass: measured weight plus an inefficiency mass penalty



WotM Level Three Environmental Performance Testing



https://www.nasa.gov/directorates/spacetech/centennial_challenges/watts-on-the-moon/index.html

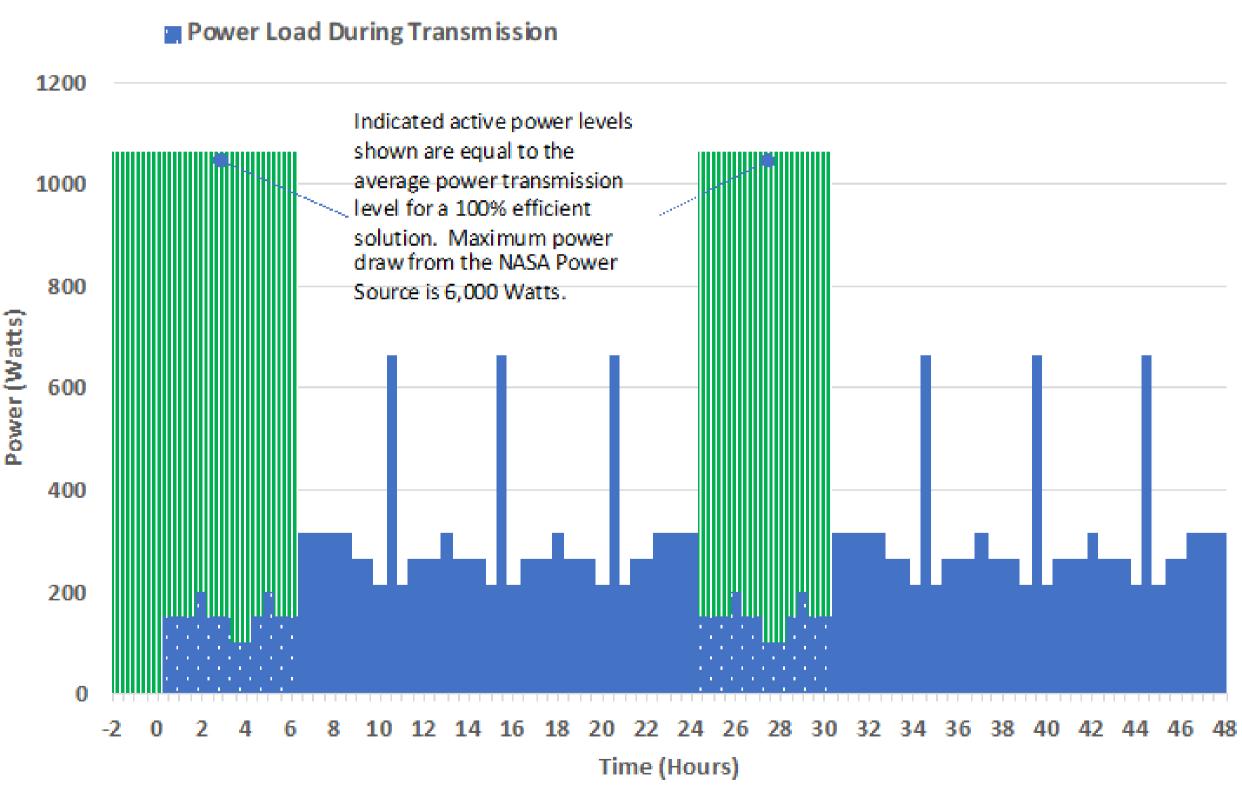


Oblique view of the rim of Shackleton Crater near the Lunar South Pole Image Credit: LROC NAC M1224655261LR [NASA/GSFC/Arizona State University]



Watts on the Moon

WotM Level Three **Environmental Performance** Testing

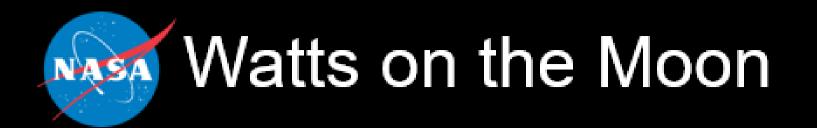


https://www.nasa.gov/directorates/spacetech/centennial_challenges/watts-on-the-moon/index.html



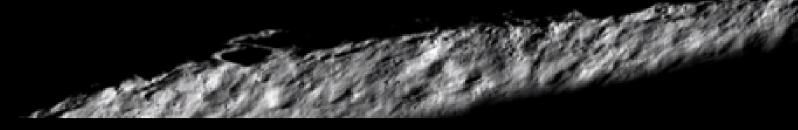
III Power Source Active for Transmission Power Load from Storage Only

Oblique view of the rim of Shackleton Crater near the Lunar South Pole Image Credit: LROC NAC M1224655261LR [NASA/GSFC/Arizona State University]



- Watts on the Moon is intended to attract innovation from the external community to support 0 anticipated NASA Lunar Missions:
 - Supply operating power for mission critical devices immersed continuously inside a permanently shadowed crater near the Moon's south pole
 - Stimulate solutions to power transmission and energy storage in terrestrial environments. Challenge management: NASA has engaged a challenge management firm to administer the
- \odot WotM challenge:
 - HeroX: <u>https://www.herox.com/WattsOnTheMoon?from=home</u>
 - The HeroX site provides all challenge rules, registration, and submission details and documents, etc.
 - The site also supports a FAQ and Q&A blog to ensure inquiry responses are available to everyone.
 - Eligibility is limited to US-based entities but may include non-citizen employees or students. The Ohio Aerospace Institute (OAI) has stepped up to encourage participation from Ohio.







Solicitation Number: TBD

- When:

 - *Release*: ~July • *Notice of Intent Due*: ~August • *Proposals Due*: ~September • *Selection Notification*: ~February • Award: ~May
- Where:
 - https://www.nasa.gov/directorates/spacetech/strg/lustr https://nspires.nasaprs.com/external/
- Why:
 - \$1M \$2M per award over 2 years • Cost sharing is not required and is not considered • Discussed on next slide
 - Funding: • ***Focus Areas/Thrusts/Areas of Interest***

• **Who:**

- *Gov't*: NASA, Space Technology Mission Directorate
- *Program*: Space Technology Research Grant (STRG)
- *Eligibility*:
 - ✓ <u>PI/Prime: Accredited U.S. universities</u>
 - ✓ Teaming: Industry and/or non-profit partners are encouraged, at least 60% of the proposed budget must go to accredited U.S. universities
 - ✓ NASA centers and JPL are not permitted to participate on proposals
 - \checkmark Participation in more than two submissions may result in all being deemed non-compliant
- What: Grant, Appendix to the SpaceTech-REDDI NASA **Research Announcement**





Lunar Surface Innovation Initiative (LSII) - Focus Areas

- In Situ Resource Utilization: Advance technologies for the collection, processing, storing, and use of Ο material found or manufactured on other astronomical objects.
- Surface Power: Develop technologies to supply continuous power throughout day and night for lunar Ο surface missions.
- <u>Dust Mitigation</u>: Develop dust mitigation technologies that protect lunar systems in use on the lunar surface Ο from the threat of contamination and damage from local dust.
- Extreme Environments: Progress technologies enabling the survival and operation of systems through the full range of Ο lunar surface and subsurface conditions.
- Extreme Access: Expand technology enabling humans and robotic systems to efficiently access, navigate, and explore Ο previously inaccessible lunar surface and subsurface areas.
- Excavation/Construction: Evaluate technologies that enable affordable, robust, autonomous manufacturing and Ο construction on the lunar surface to establish a sustained human presence.





Lunar Surface Innovation Initiative (LSII) - Focus Areas

- In Situ Resource Utilization: Advance technologies for the collection, processing, storing, and use of material found or Ο manufactured on other astronomical objects.
 - O2 and Metals
 - Water-Ice prospecting and mining
 - Value Networking
 - Modularity & Interoperability
- Surface Power: Develop technologies to supply continuous power throughout day and night for lunar surface missions. Ο
- <u>Dust Mitigation</u>: Develop dust mitigation technologies that protect lunar systems in use on the lunar surface from the threat of Ο contamination and damage from local dust.
 - Materials & Surface Coatings
 - Seals, Soft Goods & Fabrics
 - Mechanisms
 - Monitoring & Filtration
 - Modeling
 - Lunar Surface Modification
 - **Extreme Environments:**
- **Extreme Access:**
- **Excavation/Construction:**





Lunar Surface Innovation Initiative (LSII) - Focus Areas

- In Situ Resource Utilization:
- Surface Power:
- **Dust Mitigation:**
- Extreme Environments: Progress technologies enabling the survival and operation of systems through the full range of lunar surface and Ο subsurface conditions.
 - **Radiation Environment**
 - **Regolith/Surface Interfaces**
 - Surface Weather/Plasma Environment
 - Thermal & Illumination Environment •
 - Vacuum/Exosphere Environment
- Extreme Access: Expand technology enabling humans and robotic systems to efficiently access, navigate, and explore previously inaccessible Ο lunar surface and subsurface areas.
 - Communications
 - Mobility
 - Position, Navigation, and Timing
 - **Terrain Relative Navigation**
 - NASA Briefing https://lsic.jhuapl.edu/uploadedDocs/focus-files/1066-EA%20Monthly%20Meeting%20-%202021%2012%20December_Presentation%20-%20NASA.pdf
- Excavation/Construction: Evaluate technologies that enable affordable, robust, autonomous manufacturing and construction on the lunar surface Ο to establish a sustained human presence.
 - Autonomy, Maintenance, Site Planning & Prep
 - Additive Manufacturing, Raw Materials
 - Horizontal & Vertical Construction
 - Outfitting





Lunar Surface Innovation Consortium

• Who:

- Sponsor: Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Lab
- *Eligibility*: Anyone is eligible to register
- What: Lunar Surface Innovation Consortium (LSIC), 2022 Spring Meeting
- When: May 4-5, 2022...
 - LuSTR announcement is typically June
- Where: In-person and Online
 - Online Registration open until April 25
 - Website: https://lsic.jhuapl.edu/Events/
- Why:
 - The LSIC 2022 Spring Meeting will concentrate on understanding NASA's plans and technology investments relevant to building a sustained presence on the lunar surface.







Solicitation Number: TBD

- *Gov't*: NASA, Aeronautics Research Mission Directorate,
- *Program*: Transformative Aeronautics Concepts (TACP)
- Eligibility:
 - ✓ <u>PI/Prime: Accredited, degree-granting U.S. universities</u>
 - ✓ Partners (i.e. funded): Industry and/or non-profit partners are permitted, focus must be on university leadership; NASA centers and JPL are not permitted to \bigcirc be partners
 - ✓ Collaborators (i.e. non-funded): Industry, U.S. government agencies or other organizations
- What: Collaborative Agreement, Appendix to the Research **Opportunities in Aeronautics**

- Applicant Workshop: ~April
- Step-A Proposal Due: ~June
- Step-B Proposal Due: 60 days after Step-B notification Selection Notification: ~February

Where:

- https://nari.arc.nasa.gov/uli
- https://nspires.nasaprs.com/external/
- Why:

 - - Discussed on next slide

• **Who:**



• When:

• *Release*: ~April

• Funding: ○ \$3M-\$6M per award over 3 years • Cost sharing is not required, buy may be considered ***Focus Areas/Thrusts/Areas of Interest***



NASA's Description

What: Introduce NASA-complementary, system-level, multi-disciplinary ideas from the university community and transition the research to aviation stakeholders

Why (Goals):

- 1. Achieve outcomes in the ARMD Strategic Implementation Plan
- Transition research for continuation or implementation 2.
- Provide opportunities for undergraduate and graduate students in aeronautics research 3.
- 4. Promote diversity in aeronautics with inclusion of MSIs and underrepresented faculties

How:

- •
- Define multi-disciplinary solutions, apply innovative teaming strategies and form peer • review mechanisms to strengthen the research impact
- Teams actively explore transition opportunities and workforce development



University teams propose technical challenges and innovative ARMD complementary ideas



NASA ARMD – Strategic Thrusts

- 1. Safe, Efficient Growth in Global Operations: Achieve safe, scalable, routine high tempo airspace access for all users.
- 2. Innovation in Commercial Supersonic Aircraft: Achieve practical, affordable commercial supersonic air transport.
- 3. <u>Ultra-Efficient Subsonic Transports</u>: Realize revolutionary improvements in economics and environmental performance for subsonic transports with opportunities to transition to alternative propulsion and energy.
- Safe, Quiet, and Affordable Vertical Lift Air Vehicles: Realize extensive use of vertical lift vehicles for 4. transportation and services including new missions and markets.
- In-Time System-Wide Safety Assurance: Predict, detect and mitigate emerging safety risks throughout 5. aviation systems and operations.
- 6. <u>Assured Autonomy for Aviation Transformation:</u> Safely implement autonomy in aviation applications.





NASA ARMD – Strategic Thrusts

- 1. Safe, Efficient Growth in Global Operations: Achieve safe, scalable, routine high tempo airspace access for all users.
 - Advanced Operational Concepts, Technologies, and Automation
 - Safety Management for Emergent Risks
 - Integrated Modeling, Simulation, and Testing
 - Airspace Operations Performance Enablers
- Innovation in Commercial Supersonic Aircraft: Achieve practical, affordable commercial supersonic air 2. transport.
 - Elimination of Environmental Barriers to Commercial Supersonic Aircraft
 - Integrated Design and Efficiency
 - Modeling, Simulation, and Test Capability
 - Efficient Supersonic Flight Operations
- 3. **Ultra-Efficient Subsonic Transports:**
- Safe, Quiet, and Affordable Vertical Lift Air Vehicles: 4.
- 5. In-Time System-Wide Safety Assurance:
- 6. Assured Autonomy for Aviation Transformation:





NASA ARMD – Strategic Thrusts

- Safe, Efficient Growth in Global Operations:
- 2. Innovation in Commercial Supersonic Aircraft:
- 3. <u>Ultra-Efficient Subsonic Transports</u>: Realize revolutionary improvements in economics and environmental performance for subsonic transports with opportunities to transition to alternative propulsion and energy.
 - **Ultra-efficient Airframes**
 - Ultra-efficient Propulsion
 - Ultra-efficient Vehicle System Integration
 - Modeling, Simulation, and Test Capability
- Safe, Quiet, and Affordable Vertical Lift Air Vehicles: Realize extensive use of vertical lift vehicles for 4. transportation and services including new missions and markets.
 - **Clean and Efficient Propulsion**
 - Efficient and Quiet Vehicles
 - Safety, Comfort, and Accessibility
 - Modeling, Simulation, and Test Capability
- In-Time System-Wide Safety Assurance: 5.
- Assured Autonomy for Aviation Transformation: 6.







NASA ARMD – Strategic Thrusts

- Safe, Efficient Growth in Global Operations:
- 2. Innovation in Commercial Supersonic Aircraft:
- 3. **Ultra-Efficient Subsonic Transports:**
- Safe, Quiet, and Affordable Vertical Lift Air Vehicles: 4.
- 5. In-Time System-Wide Safety Assurance: Predict, detect and mitigate emerging safety risks throughout aviation systems and operations.
 - Continuous System-wide Safety Awareness (Monitor)
 - Safety Risk Identification and Evaluation (Assess)
 - Coordinated Prevention, Mitigation, and Recovery (Mitigate)
 - Experimentation, Demonstration, and Assessment
- 6. <u>Assured Autonomy for Aviation Transformation: Safely implement autonomy in aviation applications.</u> Technologies and Methods for Design of Complex Autonomous Systems Assurance, Verification, and Validation of Autonomous Systems

 - Human-Autonomy Teaming in Complex Aviation Systems
 - Implementation and Integration of Autonomous Airspace and Vehicle Systems
 - Testing and Evaluation of Autonomous Systems

NASA ULI Page: https://nari.arc.nasa.gov/uli







Air Force Manufacturing Technology

Solicitation Number: FA8650-21-S-5001

○ Who:	
 • Gov't: DoD, Air Force, AFRL, RXM • Eligibility: Unrestricted solicitation. • Small businesses, nonprofit, and not-for-profit 	 Where https://www.second.com/ https://www.second.com/
organizations are encouraged to propose.	○ Why:
 • What: Multiple types of Agreements; 2-step, BAA • When: • Defense Mar 24, 2021 	 Fund \$2 Co ***F
• Release: Mar 24, 2021	0 <u>Di</u>
 <i>Contact Technical SME:</i> Prior to submitting white paper <i>White Paper:</i> Any time <i>Close:</i> Mar 24, 2026 	
Manufacturing Rea	diness Le
 ManTech proposal focuses on maturation plan of I Use DoDMRL com 	MRL

- USE DODIVIKL.COM
- Defense Acquisition University provides a course on MRL and Manufacturing Readiness Assessments \bigcirc



2:

s://www.dodmantech.mil/DoD-ManTech/Air-Force-ManTech s://sam.gov/opp/85aa94ef17eb4820904ea5c85fa7ed88/view

ding: 250K to >\$10M; ost Sharing is not required or considered Focus Areas/Thrusts/Areas of Interest*** iscussed on next slide

evel (MRL)

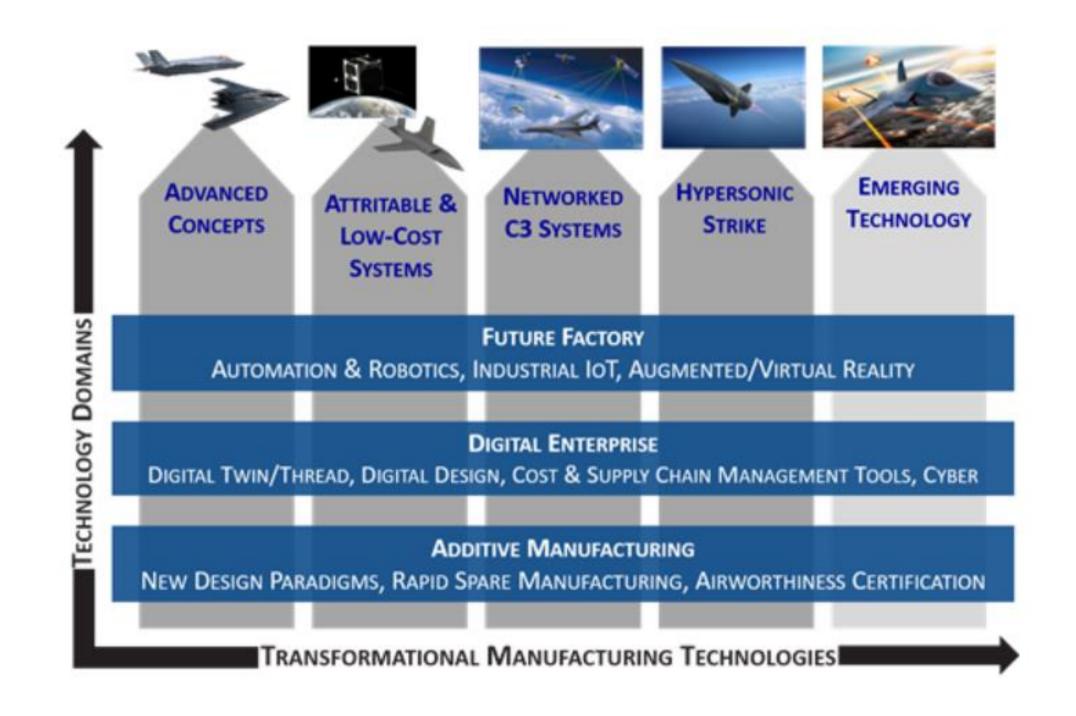


Air Force Manufacturing Technology

Solicitation Number: FA8650-21-S-5001

Challenges

- Reducing acquisition & supportability costs
- Reducing manufacturing & repair cycle times 2.
- 3. Adapting Industry 4.0 technology (Digital Manufacturing)
- **Specific Areas of Interest**
 - Mostly funding projects that are hardware intensive 1.
 - 2. Support to Tier 2 and 3 Supply Chain Vendors
 - Low Cost Composites 1.
 - Automation of manufacturing 1.
 - 2. Attritables are fighter-sized attritable airframes
 - Low Cost Sensors Manufacturing of sub-2. component to sensor systems





DoD ManTech - https://www.dodmantech.mil/DoD-ManTech/Air-Force-ManTech BAA - https://sam.gov/opp/85aa94ef17eb4820904ea5c85fa7ed88/view



Department of Homeland Security, Long Range Broad <u>Area Announ</u>cement

Solicitation Number: DHSST_LRBAA_18_01

• Who:

- Gov't: DHS Headquarters, Science & Technology Directorate
- *Eligibility*: Unrestricted solicitation.
- What: Multiple types of Agreements; 2-step, BAA
- When: Open BAA with multiple steps
 - Industry Engagement Assessment: Response and Follow-up by DHS within 10 days
 - *Part I Virtual Pitch Presentation Materials:* Must be submitted on DHS Portal within 14 days of written notification
 - *Part I-Virtual Pitch and Evaluation*: Scheduled within 21 Days of the presentation material's due date
 - Part II Written Proposal: Must be submitted to the DHS S&T
 OIP portal within 45 days of written notification
 - *Part II-Written Proposal Evaluation*: Completed by DHS within 21 days of the written proposals due date



\circ Where:

- https://oip.dhs.gov/baa/public/funding-page?status=open
- https://sam.gov/opp/fb3e9652ee5d2995705a8cda9a0c6ac3 /view

• **Why:**

- Funding: US Fiscal Year 22 Appropriations
 - \circ C-UAS = \$35M/yr
 - Maritime Defense: \$23M/yr
 - Air, Land, and Port of Entry Security: \$40M/yr
 - First Responder/Disaster Resilience: \$64M/yr
- ***Focus Areas/Thrusts/Areas of Interest***

 <u>Discussed on next slide</u>



Department of Homeland Security, Long Range Broad Area Announcement

Countering – Unmanned Aerial Systems (C-UAS) Topic

- Research Area: Securing Boarders, SEC BORD 03-06
- <u>R&D Need</u>: Integrated and Improved Sensors, Systems, and Data; Develop enhanced technologies and methods that allow for the detection, tracking, identification, and mitigation of unmanned aircraft systems under varied terrains and environmental conditions
- <u>Capability</u>: TRL 4 at start and TRL 7 at end; with objective to transfer the advancement of C-UAS technologies to enhance the mission capability of the DHS Operational Components and the extended Homeland Security Enterprise.
- <u>Topic Description</u>: New technologies and enhanced methods should be able to detect, track, identify and mitigate an array of unmanned aircraft threats and flight modalities. Remote manual flight control using radio frequency-based transmissions 1. Remote flight control using commercial networks (i.e. cellular, satellite), particularly 5G 2. 3. Global navigation satellite system (GNSS) supported pre-programmed flights Autonomously pre-programmed flights that are unsupported by GNSS 4. UAS not emitting or receiving RF signals (operating autonomously via alternative navigation) 5. Detect, Track and ID of multiple, simultaneous UAS with selective mitigation and low or no collateral effect 6.





Department of Homeland Security, Long Range Broad Area Announcement

Air Based Technologies (ABT) Topic

- Research Area: Securing Boarders, SEC BORD 03-05
- <u>R&D Need</u>: Integrated and Improved Sensors, Systems, and Data; advances manned and unmanned aircraft technology to improve the mission capability of the DHS operational components as well as the extended Homeland Security Enterprise.
- <u>Capability</u>: TRL 1-7 at start and TRL 8 at end; with objective to transfer the advancement of aircraft technology (manned and/or unmanned) technologies to enhance the mission capability of the DHS Operational Components and the extended Homeland Security Enterprise.
- Topic Description: Focus Areas.
 - **ISR Sensors** 1.
 - Small UAS (Suas) Technology; and 2.
 - 3. Command, Control, Communications, and Computers (C4) Operations





Solicitation Number: ICSPE-RFI-22-01

• **Who:**

- Gov't: Office of the Director of National Intelligence, Science & Technology Group (STG) • Funding:
- *Eligibility*: Any U.S. entity
- What: Request for Information (RFI), submitting Excel to S&Tinvestments@dni.gov

• When:

- *Release:* February 28, 2022
- *Due:* May 28, 2022

• Where:

- https://www.nationalacademies.org/event/02-28-2022/science-and-technology-needs-for-the-intelligencecommunity
- https://sam.gov/opp/15d5927d5c5345939830e882856d2fca/v iew

S&T Strategic Plan



None

Responses will be used to identify potential participants for future funding; revives the Intelligence Science & Technology Partnership (In-STeP)

• Focus Areas/Thrusts/Areas of Interest: • Discussed on next slide





Response Excel Data Fields

- Need number(s) (Column A) Company/Organization Name
- Company/Organization Headquarters Location
- Affiliations(use codes from Table I)
- Respondent's point(s) of contact (POC(s))
- Technology/Project Name
- Non-proprietary description of the technology/project (up to 500 words)
- Optional proprietary description of the technology/project (up to 500 words)
- Non-proprietary description of how the technology/project relates to the applicable Need number(s) (up to 100 words)
- Capability Estimate (see Table II) (Column N)
- Current sponsor(s) (internal, IRAD or external)
- Technology Domain(s)(see Table III) (Column P)

Response Excel

https://sam.gov/api/prod/opps/v3/opportunities/resources/files/eebf12ccd618449a83e56de3a7c08ce8/download?&token=









NEED #	NEED DESCRIPTION			RELEVANT TECHNOLOGY DOMAINS											
		ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE	BEHAMORAL SCIENCES	BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES	CHEMICAL SCIENCES	COMMUNICATIONS	COMPUTING	CYBER	DATA	ELECTRONICS	ENERGY AND POWER	FORENSICS	IDENTITY	MATERIALS AND MANUFACTURING	NUCLEAR SCIENCE
2N002	Develop/enhance capabilities to collect information on global science and technology activities.						x	x				x			
2N006	Develop/enhance capabilities to advance					x									
	space situational awareness.														
2N011	Develop/enhance near-real-time cyber forensics.	x					x	x	×			x			

Identify Need

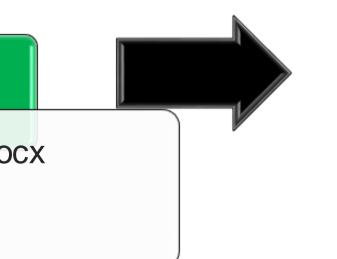
- Table I, S&T Landscape PDF
- Column A, RFI Excel

Identify Tech Domain

- Table III, RFI Tables docx
- Column P, RFI Excel



ODNT S&T Landscape PDF https://sam.gov/api/prod/opps/v3/opportunities/resources/files/e 9f48889444541f8ac762ed768ba5050/download?&token=



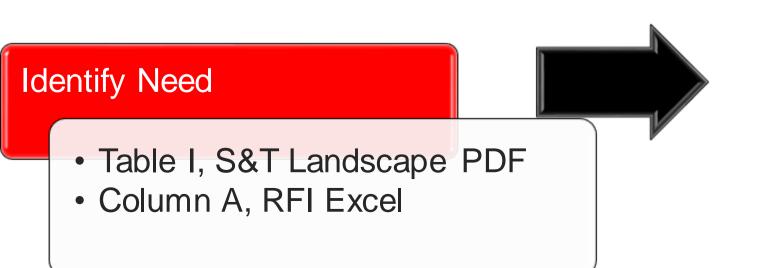
Identify Capability Estimate

- Table II, RFI Tables docx
- Column N, RFI Excel



ode	Tier 1 Technology Domains	Tier 2 Technology Domains	Description		CAPABILITY DESCRIPTION	CODE	CAPABILITY DEFINITION		
	Artificial Intelligence	Deep Learningis the branch of computer scienceHuman Languagefocused on programming machinTechnologyto perform tasks that replicate orHuman–Machine Teamingaugment aspects of humanInformation Assurancecognition, such as learning, seeing	Sometimes called machine intelligence, artificial intelligence (AI) is the branch of computer science focused on programming machines to perform tasks that replicate or		Basic Research	111	Includes all effort of scientific study and experimentation i the fields of the physical, engineering, environmental, and sciences pertaining to long-term national security needs. E research results in increased knowledge or understanding.		
1			augment aspects of human cognition, such as learning, seeing (computer vision), understanding,	l	Applied Research	112	Efforts that translate promising basic research into solution for broadly defined intelligence needs, short of major development projects. This type of effort may vary from fairly fundamental applied research to sophisticated breadboard hardware, study, and program.		

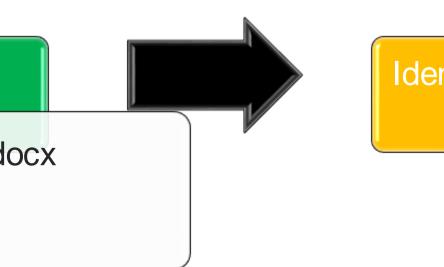
Tables Word Document https://sam.gov/api/prod/opps/v3/opportunities/resources/files/3950c64c75ee42ba811fdd454ab79322/download?&token=



Identify Tech Domain

- Table III, RFI Tables docx
- Column P, RFI Excel

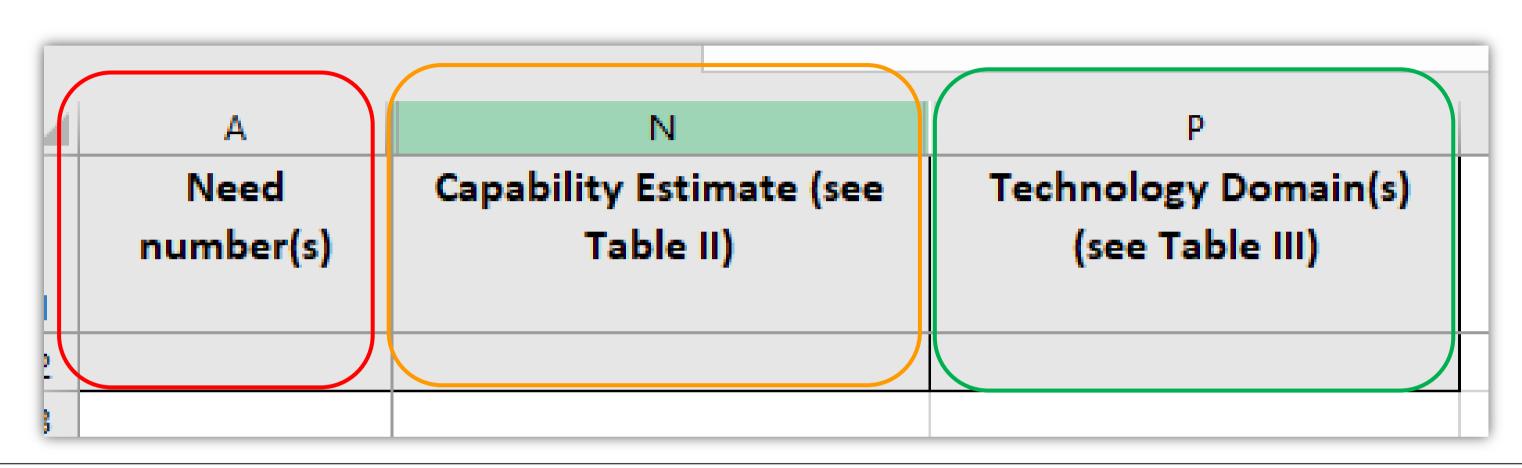




Identify Capability Estimate

- Table II, RFI Tables docx
- Column N, RFI Excel



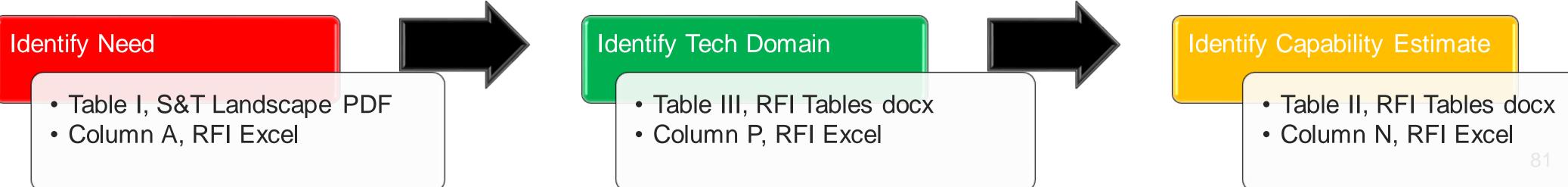


Response Excel

https://sam.gov/api/prod/opps/v3/opportunities/resources/files/eebf12ccd618449a83e56de3a7c08ce8/download?&token=

Submit completed Excel to - S&Tinvestments@dni.gov

Webinar - https://www.nationalacademies.org/event/02-28-2022/science-and-technology-needs-for-the-intelligence-community







Process Navigation – 1 to 2 Weeks from Today

Please respond to the poll that is populating now

- From the poll responses OFRN will set up a follow-on Zoom event for opportunity(ies) that have high interest for teaming
- In the future event, OFRN will have a dedicated advisor to support teaming discussion
- OFRN will track the teaming as a "cohort" and support the proposal development and submission process

Special thanks to our volunteers who will help us monitor discussions to help build events and teams, as well as <u>help you all win more awards</u>!





Upcoming events



Follow-up OFRN Opps Day Process Navigation Meeting

Late April or Early May 2022 TBD – Be on the lookout for our email!



Ohio Space Forum by Dayton Development Coalition

May 17 – 18, 2022 @ NASA Glenn Research Center in Cleveland, Ohio



CORONA Event by Dayton Development Coalition

June 13 – 14, 2022 @ Location TBD



Ohio Advanced Air Mobility by Dayton Development Coalition

August 22, 2022 @ Springfield Airport



OFRN Opps Day – In-Person Event

Fall 2022 TBD – Be on the lookout for our email!



Ohio Defense & Aerospace Forum by Dayton Development Coalition

October 3-4, 2022 @ Location TBD





Contact Us

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Driving Innovation Through Strategic Partnerships

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