



Agenda

- 9:00 9:15 am OFRN/OnRamp Hub: Ohio: Overview by Mark Bartman, Maj Gen (Ret.), VP for Advanced Development, Parallax Advanced Research
- 9:15 9:45 am An Overview of AFRL and AFIT Research Opportunities in Hypersonic Systems Analysis & Design by Dr. José Camberos, P.E., Director, Applied Research Center for Hypersonics, AFIT/ENY Dept. of Aeronautics & Astronautics, Associate Professor of Aerospace Engineering
- 9:45 10:15 am The NASA Hypersonic Technology Project by Lois J. Weir, Senior Technologist for Hypersonic Propulsion, NASA Glenn Research Center
- 10:15 10:25 am Opportunity Review by Morgan Buck, Parallax Advanced Research
- 10:25 10:30 am Wrap-up

Introductions & Thank you



Parallax Team & Event Volunteers

• Emce: Mark Bartman, Maj Gen (Ret.), VP for Advanced Development, Parallax Advanced Research

Parallax Team:

- Becky Mescher
- Lauren Jones
- Jess Pacheco
- John Jackson

Event Speakers:

- Dr. José Camberos, P.E., Director, Applied Research Center for Hypersonics, AFIT/ENY Dept. of Aeronautics & Astronautics, Associate Professor of Aerospace Engineering
- Lois J. Weir, Senior Technologist for Hypersonic Propulsion, NASA Glenn Research Center

Opportunity Review:

- Morgan Buck, OFRN Intern, Parallax Advanced Research
- Government partners: AFRL, NAMRU-D, NASA-GRC, NASIC, Ohio National Guard

OFRN Construct





NASA Glenn Research Ctr (GRC) Priorities



Air Force Research Lab (AFRL) Priorities



National Air & Space Intelligence Ctr (NASIC) Priorities





State of Ohio

Industry Needs

PARALLAX
& The Ohio State
University



Naval Medical Research Unit (NAMRU) Priorities



Ohio National
Guard
Priorities

Technical Review Council



OFRN Program Impact – to date



23

Universities & colleges engaged

4+1

Government Partners

106

Business partners engaged

1,100+

Indirect jobs created

374

Direct jobs created

13

Spin out companies created

\$61.8M

State of Ohio Investment - ODHE

\$374+M

Follow-on Funding Awarded

\$39.8M

Cost Share







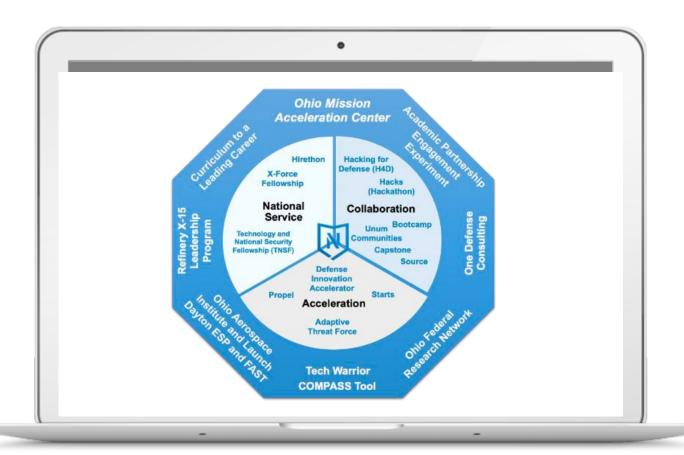




Defense Innovation Unit (DIU) OnRamp Hub: Ohio

What the OnRamp Hub: Ohio will do:





- ✓ Front Door to defense innovation for DoD to Ohio Businesses, academia, state organizations, and non-traditional innovators
- ✓ Parallax Research will coordinate DIU & NSIN programs across the State of Ohio to ensure success
- ✓ Locations across Ohio will provide physical and digital space for entrepreneurs to meet, collaborate and innovate
- ✓ OnRamp Hub will solve DoD problems and transition technologies
- ✓ Provide <u>classified</u> workspace as needed

The OnRamp Hub National Network



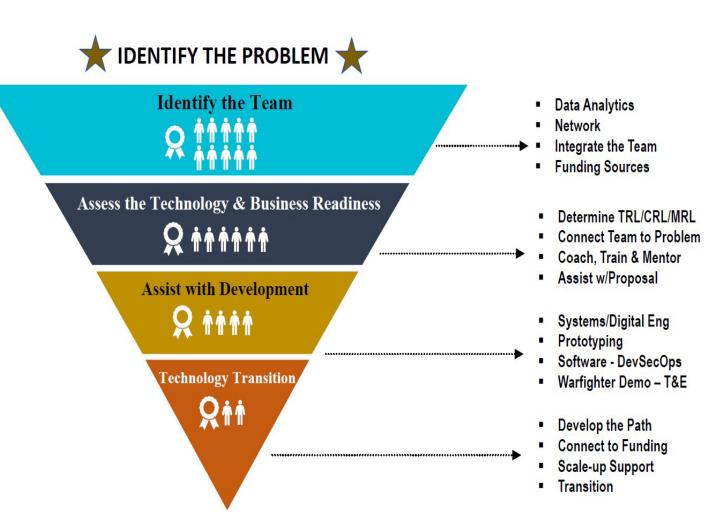
What Makes Us Unique

- ✓ Established existing ecosystems for entrepreneurs and small businesses that have experience working with federal agencies'
 - Arizona, Hawaii, Kansas, Ohio & Washington
- ✓ Robust networks of angel investors and venture capital
- ✓ Extensive State funding to help with startups (ESP, TVSF)
- ✓ Follows a systems engineering approach to reduce risk and speed transition
 - Ecosystems for prototyping and manufacturing (WBI, CDME, MEPs etc.)
 - Test locations AAM range in Springfield, National Guard locations, Tech Warrior experience
 - Airworthiness support from AFLCMC
 - Software Factory Hanger 18 DevSecOps, Cloud, AoA

Positioning the Right Solution



The DIU OnRamp Hub: Ohio leverages technology scouting to find the most advanced and promising technologies to meet the DOD's operational demands



Academic Partnership Engagement Experiment

Mission: To connect universities, businesses, and the government together; build collaborations between these sectors; identify their transformational operational defense solutions and capabilities; and advance defense technology transition/transfer and reduce risk for the Department of the Air Force.

Core Competencies:

IDENTIFY collaborators, innovators and technology opportunities using robust data analytics and active connection programs

BUILD & CONNECT a nationwide network of innovators and technologists from universities, small businesses and government

DEVELOP & DEPLOY & DRIVE INNOVATION through targeted education programs providing hands on training to university and small business innovators on how to effectively interface with the DoD

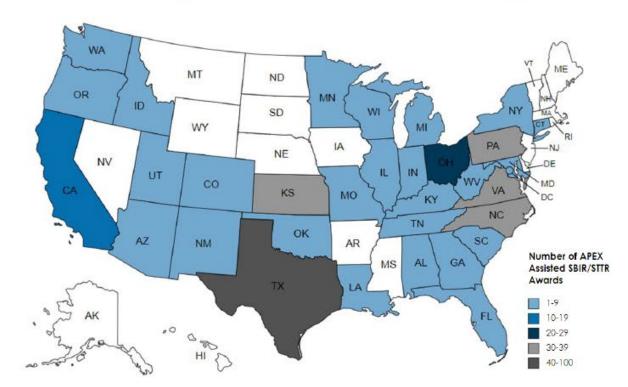
ACCELERATE & DIVERSIFY the transition pipeline via challenge problems, novel and targeted small business and technology transition opportunities with the DoD and its suppliers





Nationwide Impact:

APEX has assisted over 300 small businesses throughout 33 states and over 130 research institutions throughout 26 states with receiving R/R&D funding to bring innovation to the warfighter.



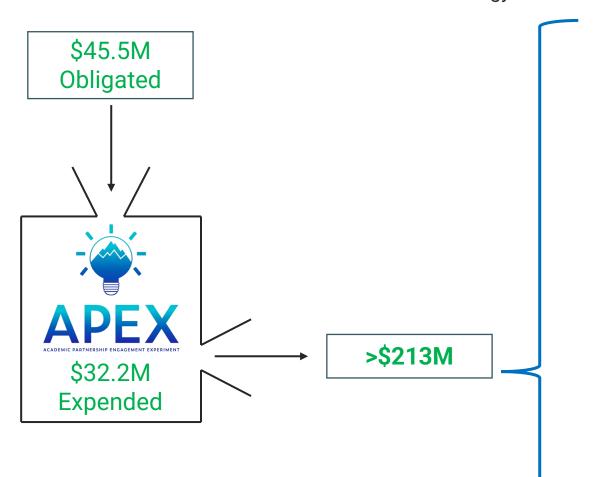






To date, the PIA has expended \$32.2M of our obligated funds since the inception of the program in 2019.

In this time, the team has achieved some major milestones with benefits to the DAF, academia and industry focused on technology transfer and transition.



\$98.5M Assisted STRATFI/TACFI Awards

\$115M Assisted SBIR/STTR Awards

11 SBIR/STTR TECH TRANSITIONS

>\$1.5M Additional Sales

>\$425,000 Additional Investments

>\$11.8M non-DAF Gov't Contracts

833 Facilitated Introductions Via Matchmaking

>130 RIs awarded >300 SBCs awarded

APEX has expanded the DoD supply chain ecosystem & enhanced economic development in underserved regions with identification of technology for the DAF that would not otherwise be found; increasing innovation and tech transition.



Thank you

Mark Bartman, Maj Gen (Ret.), USAF VP for Advanced Development Mark.bartman@parallaxresearch.org

John Owen, Program Manager OnRamp Hub: Ohio John.owen@parallaxresearch.org

Also contact us at OnRampHubOH@parallaxresearch.org





Dr. Jose Camberós Air Force Institute of Technology



Hypersonic Systems Analysis & Design

jose.camberos@us.af.mil

Ohio Federal Research Network

12 September 2024

Disclaimer: All content either cleared for public release (AFRL) or obtained from public sources (textbooks, online). Opinions solely from presenter and do not represent any official AF policy, etc.



ARCH Mission & Vision



MISSION

Deliver outstanding interdisciplinary expert solutions to <u>defense-focused</u> challenges in hypersonics through applied research, workforce development, and education

VISION

Recognized as the preeminent source for <u>defense-focused</u> expertise, research, and education in the field of hypersonics



Education & Workforce
Development

Basic & Applied Research

Subject Matter Expertise

















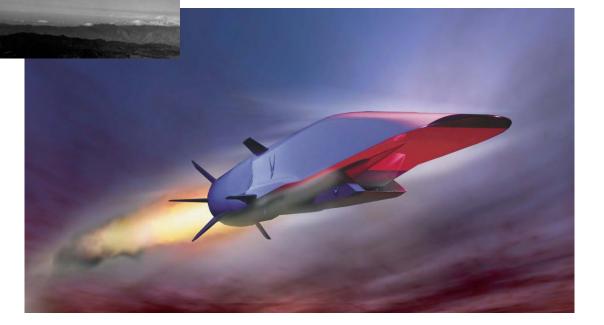












Mission



Leading the discovery, development and integration of affordable warfighting technologies for our air, space and cyberspace forces

WHO WE ARE

We are experts in a wide range of technical fields.

LEAD

We lead the Air Force in science and technology.

WHAT WE DO

We explore, research and push the boundaries of technology.

DISCOVER

We are at the forefront of innovation.

WHY OUR WORK MATTERS

We provide the Air Force with the technology it needs to defend America.

DEVELOP

We bridge the gap between research and application.

WHEN WE DELIVER

We identify future needs and advance technologies to support these capabilities.

DELIVER

We provide superior technology to warfighters in a continuous manner.

Vision

We defend America by unleashing the power of innovative air and space technology.



Core Technical Competencies (CTC)







MATERIALS & MANUFACTURING



Structural Materials, Functional Materials, Manufacturing Technology, Support of Operations

HUMAN PERFORMANCE



Training, Adaptive Warfighter Interfaces, Bioeffects, Aerospace & Operational Medicine, and Bioengineering; Aerospace & Operational Medicine education, training, and consultation; Human Systems Integration analysis and implementation

SPACE VEHICLES



Space Environment, Advanced Space Resilience Technologies, Space Communication & Navigation Technologies, Space Awareness and Command & Control

INFORMATION



Processing & Exploitation, Connectivity & Dissemination Autonomy, Command & Control and Decision Support, Cyber Science and Technology

BASIC RESEARCH



Engineering & Information Sciences, Physical & Biological Sciences

SENSORS



Radio Frequency (RF) Sensing, Electro Optical (EO) Sensing Spectrum Warfare, Trusted & Resilient Mission Systems, Multi-domain Sensing Autonomy, Enabling Sensor Devices & Components

AEROSPACE SYSTEMS



Aerospace Vehicles, Control, Power & Thermal Management, High Speed Systems, Rocket Propulsion, Turbine Engines

DIRECTED ENERGY



Laser Systems, Weapons Modeling, Simulation & Analysis, High Power Electromagnetics (HPEM), Directed Energy and Electro Optics for Space Superiority

MUNITIONS



Munitions Airframe, Guidance, Navigation & Control, Terminal Seeker Sciences, Modeling & Simulation Evaluation Sciences Ordnance Sciences

EXPERIMENTATION



Capability & Technology Prototyping

Investment Categories AFRL







6.1

Basic Research

Science Knowledge

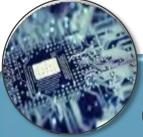
Greater knowledge or understanding fundamental aspects

Observable facts

Without specific applications toward processes or products

New Science

\$319 M



6.2

Applied Research

Technologies

Applying knowledge or understanding to determine the means by which a recognized and specific need may be met

Science to Application

\$1,411 M



6.3

Advanced Technology Development

Capability Concepts

The development and integration of hardware for field experiments and tests

From Application to Capability \$862 M



Non S&T

Other AF Funds Executed

Operational Development / Experimentation

- Research, Development, Test and Evaluation
- Strategic Development
 Planning Experimentation
- Small Business Innovation Research Program
- Air Force Surgeon General

Experimentation

\$1,377 M

FY18 data S&T (6.1 - 6.3)

Non S&T (6.4 - 6.7, DHP, OM)

Locations by State









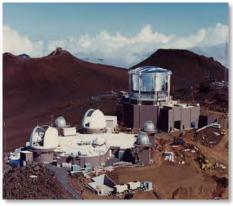


World-class Facilities and State-of-the-art Capabilities















Rocket Propulsion Test Facilities

AF Maui Optical & Supercomputing Site (AMOS)

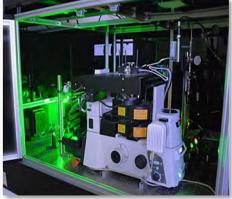
Hypersonic Wind Tunnel

Radar Towers - Sensors Complex

Outdoor Antenna Test Ranges











Starfire Optical Range

Human-rated Centrifuge, USAF School of Aerospace Medicine

Autonomous Research Systems Robotic Testing

DoD Supercomputing Resource Centers (DSRC)

High Explosives R&D HERD Facility

Future Technologies - Big Bets









QUANTUM INFORMATION SCIENCE

Harnesses certain laws of particle physics to dramatically improve the acquisition, transmission and processing of information.

Applications include computing, communication and sensing. Quantum can be used to teleport information, create secure communication networks, gather location data in GPS-denied environments and enhance supercomputing capabilities.



ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / AUTONOMY

Facilitates the use of machine generated information by creating knowledge from observations gathered.

Al can provide expertly-planned courses of action, streamline business processes, enhance situational awareness and increase mission effectiveness. It could save time, money, manpower and lives.



DIRECTED ENERGY WEAPONS

Strike critical targets at the speed of light and defeat attacks in an effective, affordable and expedient manner.

DEWs precisely engage targets with little to no collateral impacts or detectable disturbance. They can be integrated with aircraft, munitions or used on the ground.



HYPERSONICS

Flying at five times the speed of sound, also known as Mach 5 or higher.

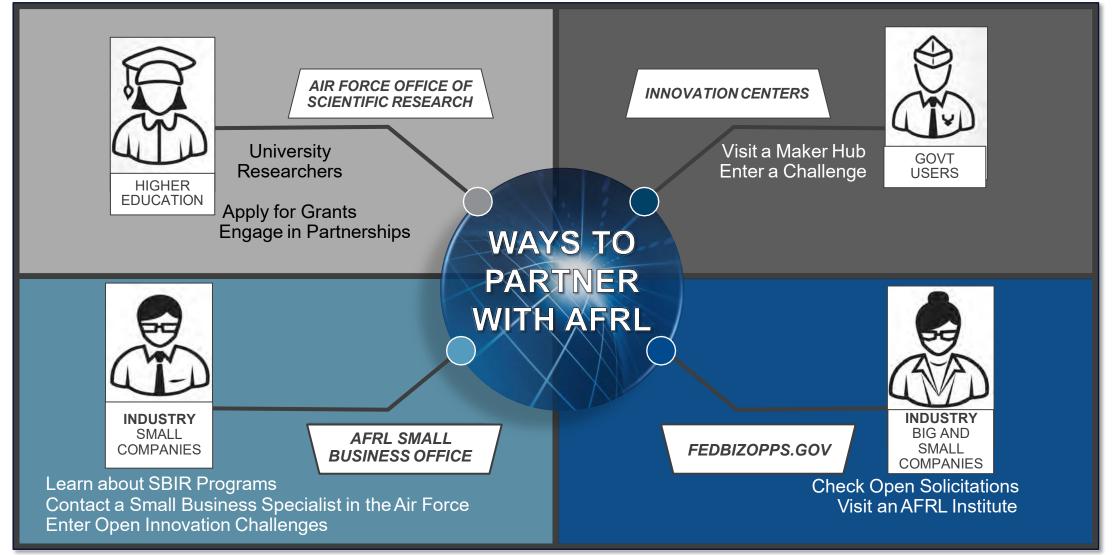
Hypersonic flight could enable the U.S. to conduct longer range military operations with shorter response times and enhanced effectiveness.

Partnering with AFRL

For more information, visit **AFRESEARCHLAB.COM**











Hypersonic vehicle technology

Major Developments





For this Seminar...



- To motivate the understanding of the fundamental aspects of "hypersonic flow," especially relevant physical phenomena
- To facilitate a basic understanding of hypersonic vehicle analysis and design
- Basic Flow Physics Include:
 - Compressible Flow
 - Aerodynamic Forces in Hypersonic Flow
 - Aerodynamic Heating in Hypersonic Flow



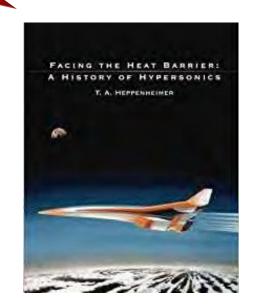
On Hypersonics

THE HEAT!!!



- Critical Flow Phenomena
 - Shock-shock and shock-boundary layer interactions
 - Non-equilibrium effects
 - Flow-structure interactions
 - Ablation
 - Flight controls
 - Atmospheric Noise
- Thermal Management, external and internal
- Multidisciplinary due to fully-coupled physics
- Coupling effects can be beneficial or adverse
- Systems Level Analysis and Design Optimization

AFRL Initiative "Game Changer"



Facing the Heat Barrer: A History of Hypersonics by T. A. Heppenheimer

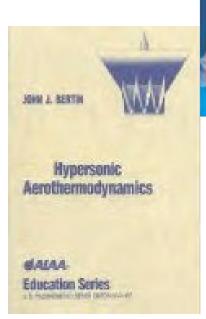
ARCH: Expert Solutions to Defense-Focused Challenges in Hypersonics

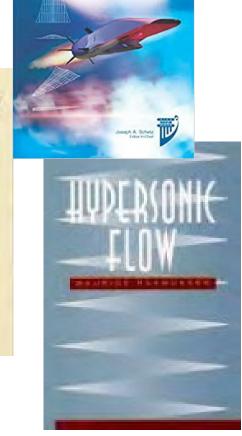


My Favorite Books on Hypersonics



- Hypersonic and High Temperature Gas Dynamics
 - John D. Anderson, (AIAA 2006, 2001; McGraw-Hill, 1989)
- Hypersonic Aerothermodynamics
 - John J. Bertin, (AIAA, 1994)
- Hypersonic Flow
 - Maurice Rasmussen, (Wiley & Sons Inc., 1994)





Hypersonic and High-Temperature

Gas Dynamics



Other Useful/Interesting References



Basics of Aerothermodynamics

E. H. Hirschel, Springer-Verlag, jointly with AIAA, 2005

Selected Aerothermodynamic Design Problems of Hypersonic Flight Vehicles

E. H. Hirschel & C. Weiland, Springer-Verlag, jointly with AIAA, 2009

Historical, Misc. Other

• Heppenheimer, T.A. *Facing the Heat Barrier*: *Hypersonics*. NASA SP-2007-4232

A History of

https://history.nasa.gov/sp4232.pdf

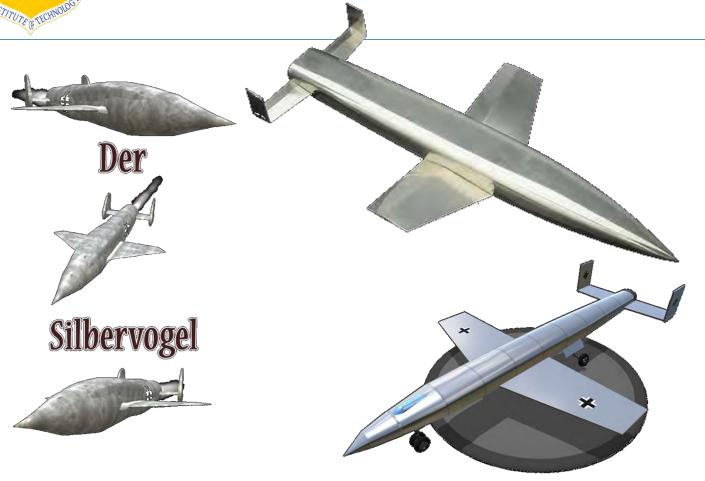
• Magazine articles, Technical papers, Technology & Design Studies, Popular literature, historical, etc.





Sanger Silbervogel ~ 1934





Specs ca 1934

Mass: 133,773 kg

Payload: 5,000 kg

L/D: 5.1

Mach at burn-out: 13

Cruise Mach: 3.3

Cruise altitude: 50 km

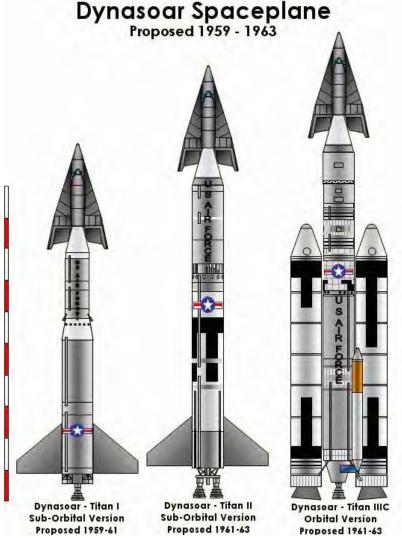
- Silbervogel, German for Silver Bird, by Eugen Sänger & Irene Bredt ~ late 1930s
- Liquid-propellant rocket-powered sub-orbital bomber
- Sled launch, sub-orbital, atmospheric skip to extend range



X-20 DynaSoar



- Piloted reusable space vehicle,
 35.5 ft long & 20.4 ft wingspan
- 11 manned flights planned from Cape Canaveral starting Nov 1964 & 1st orbital flight ~ 1965
- Program canceled Dec 1963:
 - X-20 had no viable military mission
 - Too expensive for a research vehicle
 - X-20 funding moved to the Manned Orbiting Laboratory which used Gemini capsules









X-15



- Joint NACA, USAF, Navy program; North American Aviation selected Sep 55
- 3 flight vehicles produced; 199 flights; 1 fatality
- Conventional aero controls plus reaction control system
- Heat sink structure w/ Inconel X skin; ablative with sealant for high Mach
- Initially 2 XLR-11 engines (16 Klb thrust); later XLR-99 engine (67 Klb thrust)
- First application of hypersonic theory & wind tunnel work to actual flight
- Max altitude: 354,200 feet on 22 Aug 1963
- Max Mach: 6.72 on 3 Oct 1967
- Type 4 SBLI w HRE







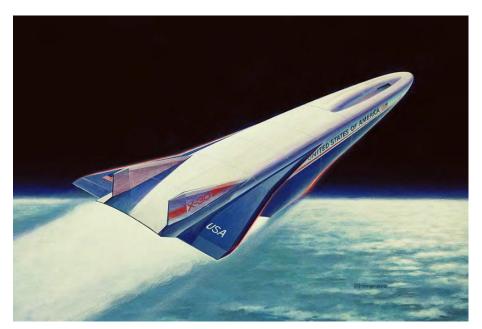


National Aero Space Plane (NASP)



- Overly ambitious program for HTHL single stage to orbit, 1986 1995
- Highly integrated air breathing propulsion system from SLS to Mach 25
- High reliance on CFD; eliminate wind tunnel testing
- No intermediate demonstrations for key components/subsystems





ARCH: Expert Solutions to Defense-Focused Challenges in Hypersonics



X-43 Hyper-X



X-43 Demonstrator Program

 GOALS: Demonstrate, validate and advance the technology, experimental techniques, and computational methods and tools for design and performance predictions of a hypersonic aircraft powered with an airframeintegrated, scramjet engine

FLIGHT OBJECTIVES:

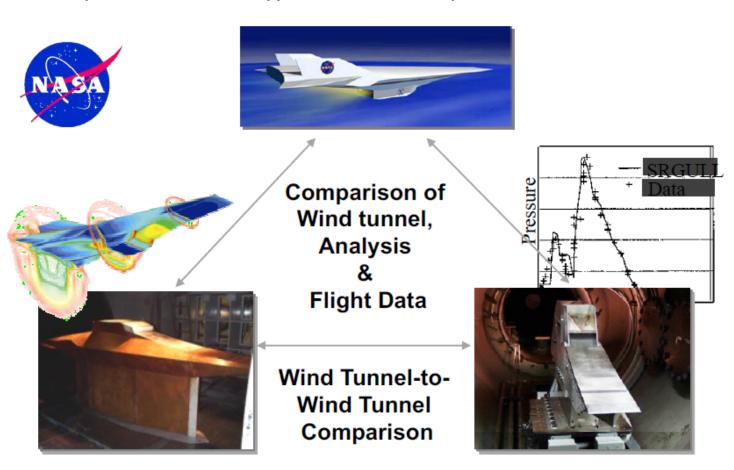
- Free-flight demonstrations (Two @ Mach 7, one @ Mach 10)
- Methods verification
- Scaling confirmation
 Primary Metric: Accelerate

TECHNOLOGY OBJECTIVES:

- Vehicle design & risk reduction
- Flight validation of design methods
- Design method enhancement
- Hyper-X Phase 2 and beyond

RESULTS:

- 1st flight ended during boost, 2001
- 2nd flight successful Mach 7, 2004
- 3rd flight successful Mach 10, 2004





X-51 Flight Test Summary



Four Powered Flights over Three Years (May '10 – May '13)

First Flight: May 26th, 2010

- 143 seconds of scramjet operation
- Peak Mach of 4.87; 150 nm travelled
- Seal / nozzle breach ended flight early

Second Flight: June 13th, 2011

- Engine "unstarted" nine seconds after scramjet ignition
- Post-flight investigation and ground testing yielded several scramjet operability lessons learned

Third Flight: August 14th, 2012

 Run-away control fin actuator and loss of control prior to engine light

Fourth Flight: May 1st, 2013

- Full duration flight: ~209 seconds of scramjet operation and 377 seconds of controlled flight
- Peak Mach of 5.1; ~240 nm travelled in six minutes







Hypersonic Flow



•What is it?

• Subsonic Flow: M_{∞} < 1

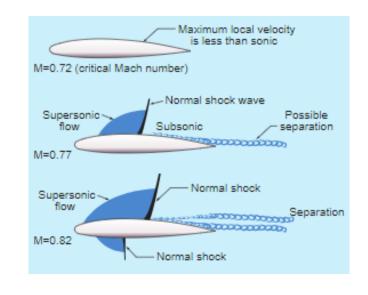
• Incompressible $M_{\infty} \leq 0.3$

• Compressible $0.3 \le M_{\odot} \le 0.7$

• Transonic: $0.7 \le M_{\infty} \le 1.3$

•Supersonic Flow: $M_{\infty} > 1$

• Hypersonic Flow: $M_{\infty} \approx 5$



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shock_wave

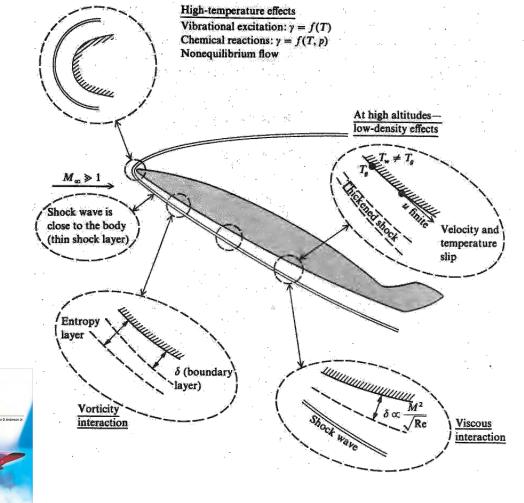
•Most experts agree: Hypersonic flow @ M ~ 4-6



Hypersonics – Basic Features



- Basic:
 - High Mach number flight through atmospheric medium
- Distinguishing Features:
 - Thin Shock Layer → region between shock wave and vehicle surface
 - Entropy Layer → strong entropy gradients leading to significant vorticity generation and propagation
 - Viscous Interaction → standard BLT analysis fails
 - High Temperature Effects
 - Thermal & chemical non-equilibrium
 - Possibly Low-Density Flow → Knudsen number



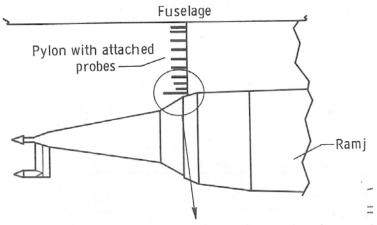


Surprise!

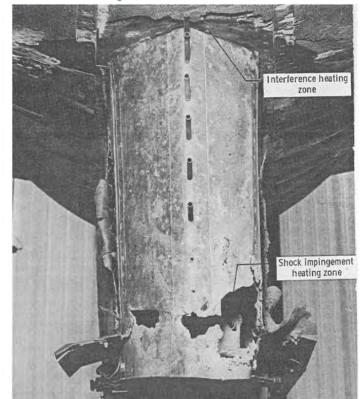




Dummy ramjet installed



The result melted the metal with temps > 2795° F, 10/3/67





Structure: Inconel X (a nickel-chromium alloy) plus an ablative cover From Iliff and Shafer, AIAA Paper 93-0311and NASA TM X-1669



1950's Hypersonics Challenge



Ballistic Missile Atmospheric Entry

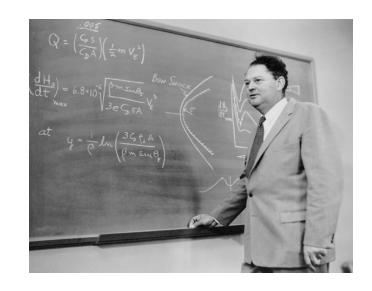
1st thought: a slender shape with pointed nose would be best

But! H. Julian Allen and A.J. Eggers, Jr.:

A blunt nose forces a detached shock and most of the heat goes off the surface and into the flowfield, not the vehicle, and enables practical re-entry "vehicles"

This was the major theoretical advance in the 1950s

-NACA R 1381, H. Julian Allen and A.J. Eggers, Jr., "A Study of the Motion and Aerodynamic Heating of Ballistic Missiles Entering the Earth's Atmosphere at High Supersonic Speeds," 1953



Allen showed:

$$\dot{q}_{\max}$$
 $\sim \frac{1}{\sqrt{R_{LE}}}$



Surface Pressure



Local slope rules differ in supersonic and hypersonic flows

<u>Linearized supersonic flow</u> <u>Hypersonics: Newtonian flow rule</u>

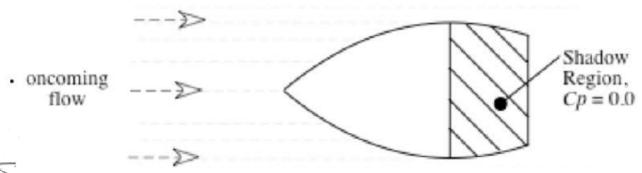
$$C_p = \frac{2\theta}{\sqrt{M_{\infty}^2 - 1}}$$

$$C_p = 2\sin^2\theta$$

No Mach number!

Nonlinear! $(M = \infty, \gamma = 1)$

Many other hypersonic "rules" available



$$C_p = C_{p_{\text{max}}} \sin^2 \theta$$

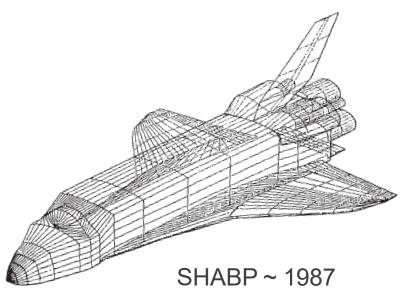
 Cp_{max} is Cp behind a normal shock - For $\gamma = 1.4$, Cp_{max} at $M = \infty$ is 1.84, at M = 4, $Cp_{max} = 1.79$

Newtonian/Modified Newtonian is typically good for blunt bodies with large inclination angles

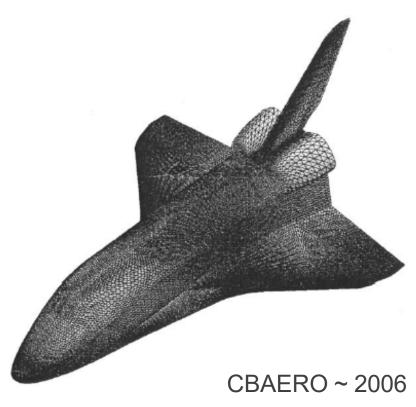


Computational Models





Fisher, Carren, M. E., "Experiences Using the Mark IV Supersonic Hypersonic Arbitrary Body Program," *Aerodynamics of Hypersonic Lifting Vehicles*, AGARD Conference Proceedings 428, 1987, pp. 31-1-31-18.

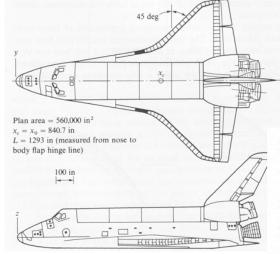


Kinney, David J., and Garcia, Joseph A., "Predicted Convective and Radiative Aerothermodynamic Environments for Various Reentry Vehicles Using CBAERO," AIAA Paper 2006-659, Jan. 2006.



High Temperature Gas Effects





They almost ran out of deflection to trim - could have been a disaster!

From Anderson,

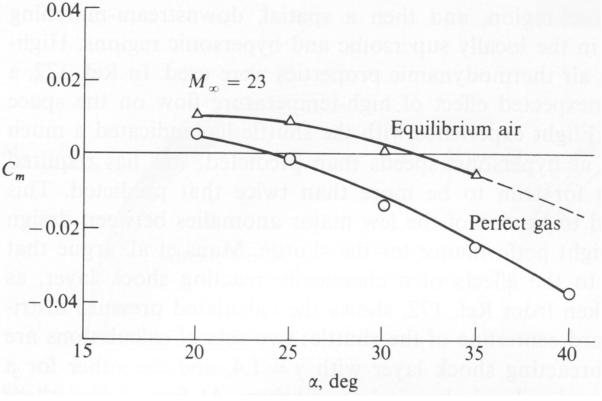
Hypersonic and High

Temperature Gas

Dynamics, but originally
from Maus, et al, JSR

Mar-Apr 1984, pp

136-141



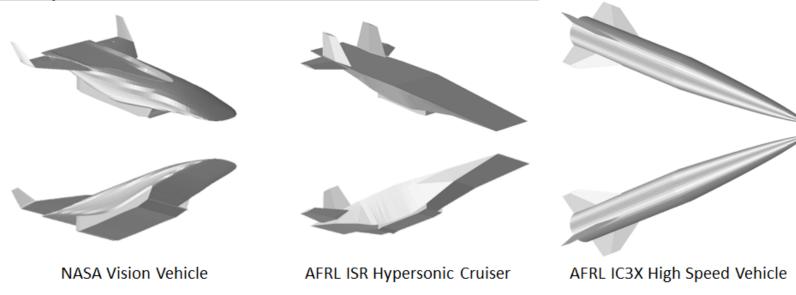


Things to Note



- Understanding the physics of hypersonics is key to technology development
- Accurate modeling of relevant physics prevents disasters
- Application/mission of a hypersonic system determines relevant physics
- •Relevant physics in hypersonics strongly influence system design and performance (not to mention cost, operability, ...)





https://a2srl.engin.umich.edu/research/maccs/hyper_flexible -2/

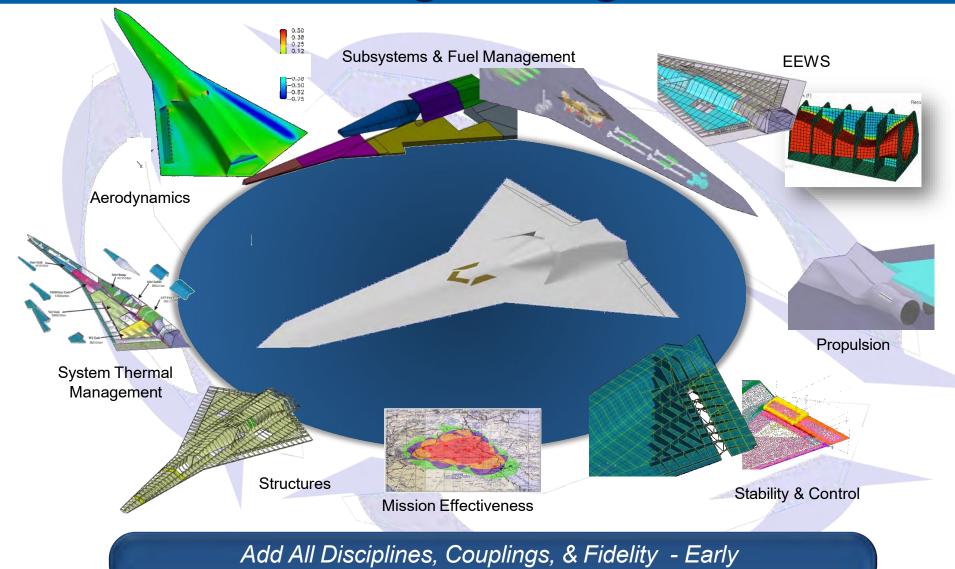
Hypersonic Vehicle Design

Systems Integration, Analysis, Design, and Optimization



Integrated Design Process - Systems Engineering







Conceptual Design



Abstract Creation

Theoretical Drawing

"Conceptual modelling is the abstraction of a simulation model from the part of the real world it is representing ('the real system'). The real system may, or may not, currently exist. Abstraction implies the need for simplification of the real system and for assumptions about what is not known about the real system. In other words, all simulation models are simplifications of the real world. The secret to good conceptual modelling is to get the level of simplification correct, that is, to abstract at the right level."

- Robinson, "Conceptual Modeling for Simulation," Proc. of the 2013 Winter Simulation Conference
- Conceptual Design differs from one organization to another; depends on objectives
- Generally conceptual design intended for *design space exploration*, the testing out multiple options before down-selecting the *system concept*.



Conceptual Design

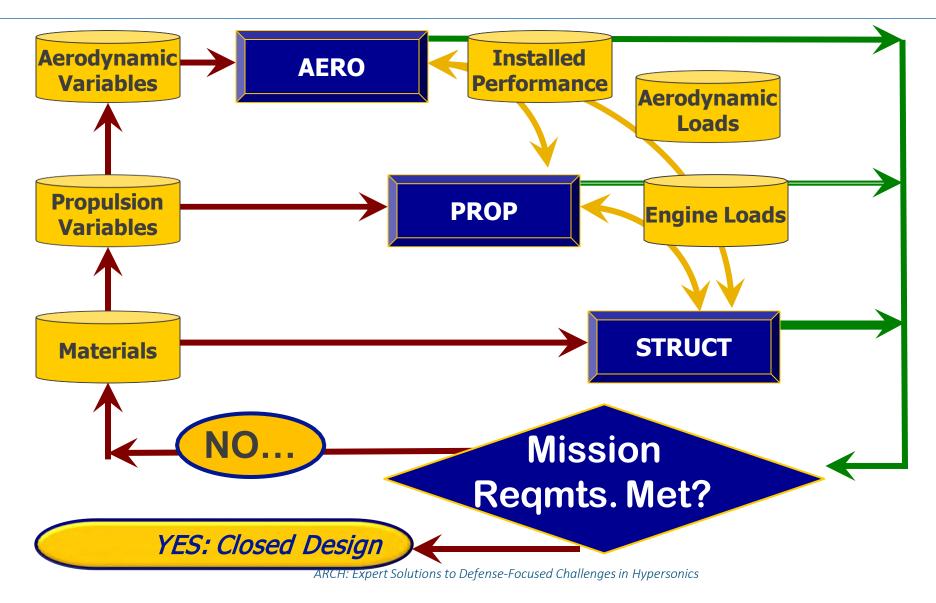


Fidelity Level	System Level	Review	Description	Timeframe
0	System	Initiation	rapid assessment of system architectures (generally no geometry).	Weeks (1-4)
1	Subsystem	Pre-Conceptual	Conceptuaismeres igns/stem design	Months (2-6)
2	Component	Conceptual (CoDR)	refined assessment of as-drawn system & subsystem design	Months (6-18)
3	Part	Preliminary (PDR)	preliminary assessment of as-drawn system, subsystem & component design	Years (1-5)
4	Part	Detailed (CDR)	detailed assessment of as-drawn system, subsystem, component & part design	Years (3-7)



System Synthesis

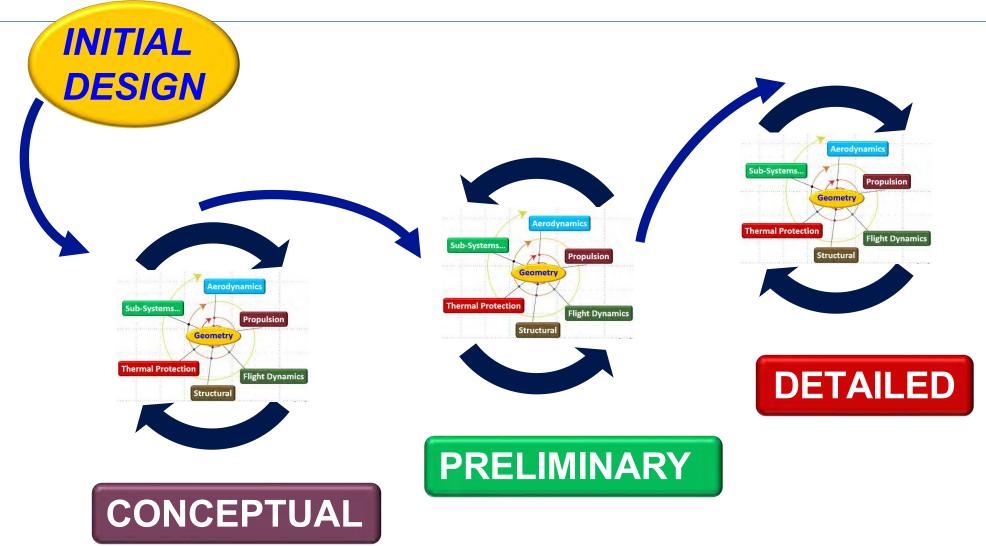






Design Spiral

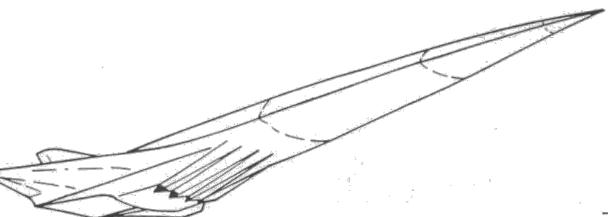






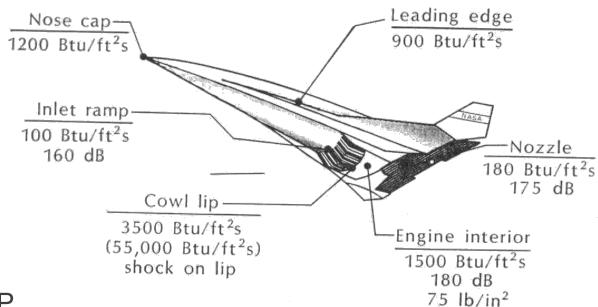
Hypersonic Air-Breathing Concepts





Hypersonic Vehicle Concept ca.1970's





Typical aerothermo-dynamic constraints on NASP during ascent.



Design Tools & Process



- Theoretical Analyses.
- Computational Fluid Physics.
- Ground-Based Testing & Experimentation.
- Flight Tests (scale models, full-scale).
- Ultimately, only flight of full-scale vehicle at actual conditions provides true representation (expensive, time consuming, and high risk).
- Optimum configuration will require fully integrated multi-disciplinary approach.

Recognize the strengths and weaknesses of each tool and range of applicability!

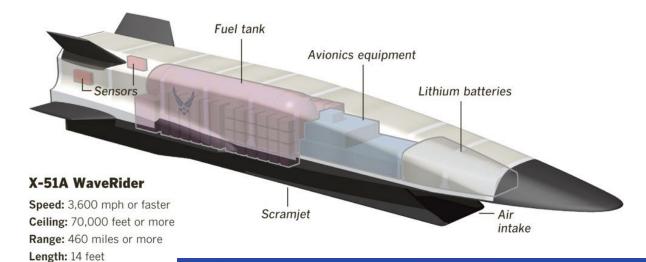


Recent Success















Lois J. Weir NASA GRC



The NASA Hypersonic Technology Project

September 12, 2024



Lois Weir, Senior Technologist for Hypersonic Propulsion Francisco Sola-Lopez, Associate Project Manager NASA Glenn Research Center

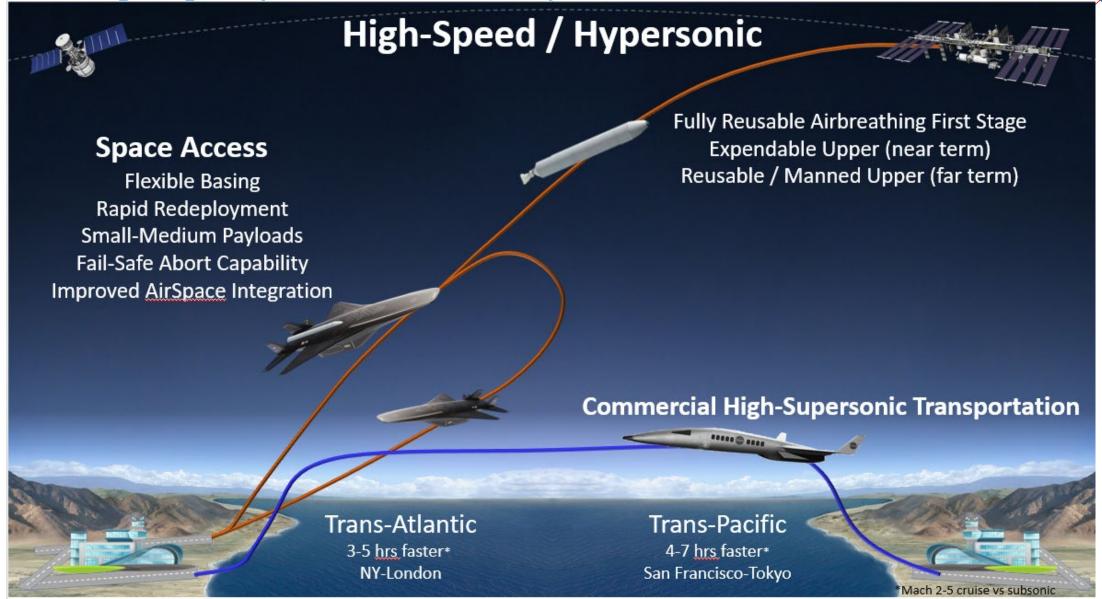
www.nasa.gov

Outline



- High Speed Civilian Airspace
- Hypersonic Technology Project
 - Organizational Structure
 - Vision, Mission, Approach
 - Investment Areas
 - RT-1: System-Level Design, Analysis, and Validation
 - RT-2: Propulsion Technologies
 - RT-3: Vehicle Technologies
 - RT-4: High Temperature, Durable Materials
- Summary

Envisioning High-Speed Civilian Airspace of Tomorrow



Project Org Chart: Detailed View



HYPERSONIC EXECUTIVE TEAM

Project Manager: Mary Jo Long-Davis (GRC)

Deputy Project Manager: Andrea Storch (LaRC)

Associate Project Manager: Shelly Ferlemann (LaRC)

Associate Project Manager: Francisco Sola (GRC)

Associate Project Manager: Craig Stephens (AFRC)

APM for Partnerships: Andrew Brune (LaRC)

Senior Technical Advisor: Jeff Robinson (LaRC)

PROJECT SUPPORT TEAM

Project Analysts: Shatonda Douglas (LaRC/Lead)

Tyler Schlenbaker (GRC)

Scheduler: Jennifer Tomak (GRC)

Risk Manager: Eric Overton (GRC)

Security Specialists: Steve Sanders (LaRC/Lead)

Alex Oppenheim (detail) (GRC)

Project Coordinator: Nikki Newcomb (LaRC)

ACADEMIC OUTREACH

Coordinators: Aaron Auslender (LaRC/Lead)

Manan Vyas (GRC)

NASA DIRECTED RESEARCH (Technical Challenges and Research Topics)

* HTP-TC-2: TBCC Mode Transition Lancert Foster (GRC)

* HTP-TC-3: DMRJ Scaling Laws Andrew Norris (LaRC)

Mike Bynum (LaRC)

* RT-1: System Level Design, Analysis, Validation Tom West (LaRC)

* RT-2: Propulsion Technologies Lancert Foster (GRC)

Tom Drozda (LaRC)

RT-3: Vehicle Technologies Ian Neel (LaRC)

* RT-4: High-Temperature, Durable Materials Chris Kostyk (AFRC)



DoD COLLABORATIONS



Hypersonic Technology Project Vision, Strategy & Goals



VISION

Enable routine, reusable, airbreathing hypersonic flight

MISSION

Advance core capabilities and critical technologies underpinning the mastery of hypersonic flight to support U.S. enterprise in hypersonics

APPROACH

Conduct fundamental and applied research to enable a broad spectrum of hypersonic systems and missions

OVERARCHING STRATEGY

Develop technologies applicable to reusable vehicle requirements and leverage partnerships to demonstrate technologies to TRL 6

KEY PARTNERS / STAKEHOLDERS/ CUSTOMERS

NASA / OGA / INDUSTRY / UNIVERSITIES

LONG-TERM GOALS

By 2035: Develop capabilities and enabling technologies up to TRL 6 for Reusable Airbreathing Hypersonic Vehicles
With Speeds up to Mach 8

By 2040+: Develop capabilities and enabling technologies up to TRL 6 for Sustainably-Fueled Reusable Airbreathing Hypersonic Vehicles With Speeds up to Mach 12

ENDURING PROJECT PRIORITIES

#1 - Support NASA/DOD partnerships and deliver on external commitments

#2 - Execute Technical
Challenges to deliver critical
enabling technologies

#3 - Continue NASA-directed research; sustain/grow core competencies and capabilities #4 - Develop the next generation of U.S. hypersonic experts

HTP Investment Areas: Challenges to Reusable Hypersonic Flight

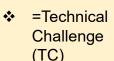


RT-1: System-Level Design, Analysis, and Validation

- Methods development / validation
- System-level uncertainty quantification
- Vehicle conceptual design studies

RT-2 / TC-2 / TC-3: Propulsion Technologies

- Combined cycle mode transition
- Scaling laws for dual mode ramjets
- Propulsion control methods
- Dual mode ramjets and scramjets
- Advanced sensors technologies
- Innovative, high-speed inlets and nozzles
- Application of alternative fuels (SAF, H2,...)





First-stage of Two-Stage-to-Orbit for Space Access



RT-3: Vehicle Technologies

Vehicle flow physics (boundary layer transition)

Fully-ReusableTwo-Stage-to-Orbit for Space Access

- Aero-heating effects
- Non-intrusive (e.g., optics-based) instrumentation

RT-4 High Temperature, Durable Materials

- CMC heat exchanger
- Static and dynamic high-temperature seals
- Advanced metallic materials and manufacturing
- Advanced CMC hot structures
- Advanced structural instrumentation



TC-2: TBCC Propulsion Mode Transition •



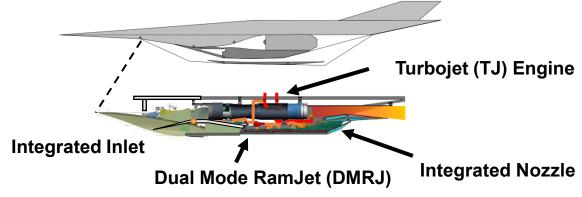
Demonstrate automated control and establish performance / operability assessment methodologies through mode transition for TBCC powered hypersonic vehicles

Expanded Mach Operation

- Increase operational Mach number of lowspeed turbine engine system
- Decrease operating Mach number of high speed DMRJ system

Technical Lead: Lancert Foster (GRC)

Turbine-Based Combined Cycle (TBCC) Concept

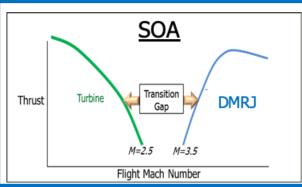


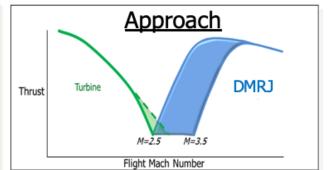
Control Algorithm Development and **Automated Control Demonstration**

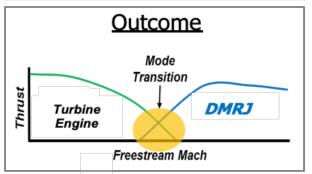
Performance / Operability Assessment Methodology and Database Development

- Develop control algorithms for CC inlet, turbine engine, and DMRJ
- Demonstrate automated controls for CC inlet, simulated turbine and DMRJ, and live turbine and simulated DMRJ
- Define assessment methodology for CC inlet, turbine, and DMRJ
- Generate CC inlet, turbine, and DMRJ databases

Provides data on mode transition technologies, identifies unknownunknowns, & delivers the methodology and control theory for automated propulsion mode transition





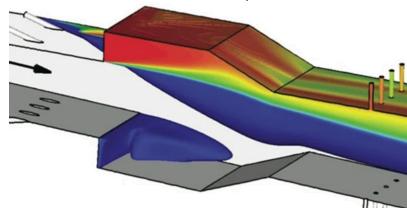


TC-3: Development of Improved Combustor Scaling Laws for Dual-Mode Ramjets



Deliver mathematical models, and associated validation test data with quantified uncertainty, to enable design of large-scale high-speed combustors inclusive of green fuels

Co-Pls: Andrew Norris (LaRC) and Michael Bynum (LaRC)



Provides an understanding and a process to enable the optimization of flameholding cavities in high-speed engines, enabling fully reusable hypersonic vehicles.

Computational Analysis *

optimizationApply models to HIFiRE Direct Connect

cavity and core performance plus

 Apply models to HIFIRE Direct Connect Rig (HDCR) and develop cavity relationships, cavity and core models

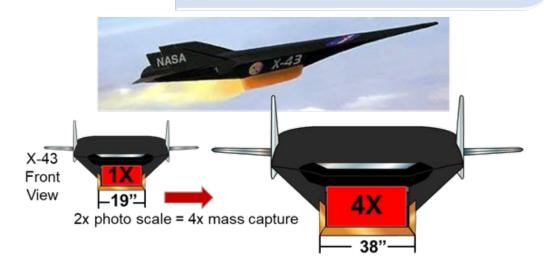
Evaluate, simulate, and optimize legacy

AFRL cavity combustor test rig geometry

Determine planar cavity performance and

Ground Testing

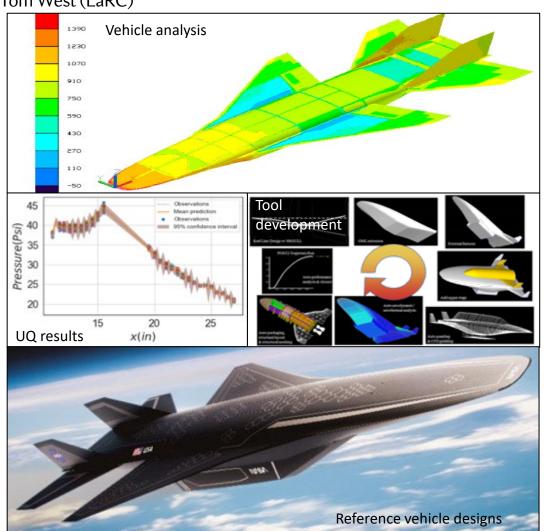
- Design ground test rig with variable cavity sizes and upstream injector blocks and facility nozzles
- Perform tests of core flow ignition article
- Compare ground test results with CFD predictions
- Develop and deliver relationships for cavity sizing and axisymmetric vs. planar cavity design



RT-1: System Level Design, Analysis, & Validation



Lead: Tom West (LaRC)



RT-1.1:

Multidisciplinary Design/Optimization and Uncertainty Quantification (MDAO & UQ)

RT-1.2:

Fluid-Thermal-Structural Interaction (FTSI)

RT-1.3:

Power and Thermal Management Systems (PTMS)

RT-1.4:

Vehicle Design

RT-1.5:

Aerosciences Capability Development

RT-1.6:

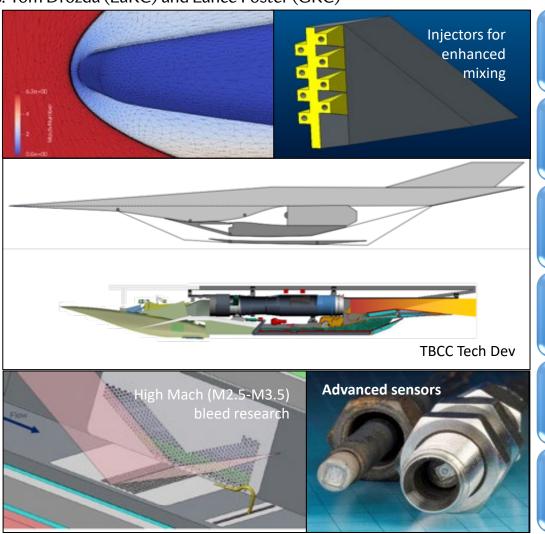
Design Fidelity Enhancement

Design and analyze civil-relevant reference vehicles and inform programmatic decision-making

RT-2: Propulsion Technologies

NASA

Co-Leads: Tom Drozda (LaRC) and Lance Foster (GRC)



RT-2.1:

Enhanced Injection and Mixing

RT-2.2:

VULCAN-CFD Development

RT-2.4: *

Advanced Pressure Sensors for Adaptive Controls and Health Monitoring

RT-2.6:

Isolator Dynamics Research Lab (IDRL)

RT-2.8: *

High Mach Turbine Engine Technology Development

RT-2.9: *

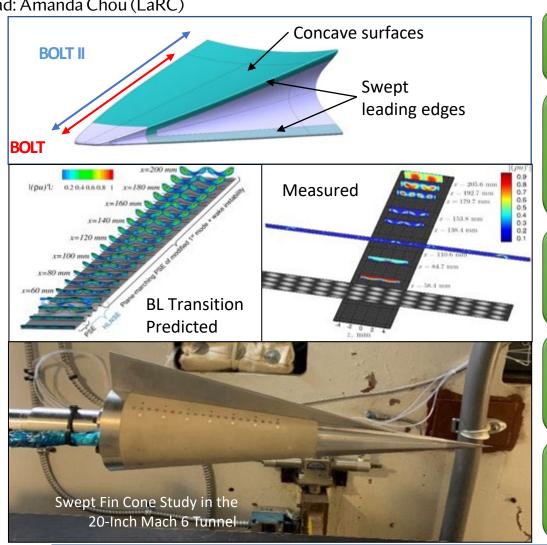
Aether Subscale Ground Test Propulsion Database Development

Maturing airbreathing propulsion technologies necessary for hypersonic TBCC vehicles

RT-3: Vehicle Technologies



Lead: Amanda Chou (LaRC)



RT-3.1:

Flight Testing / Program Support

RT-3.2:

Boundary Layer Transition Validation and Computational Tools

RT-3.3:

Fluid-Structure Interaction

RT-3.4:

Shock-Shock/Shock-Boundary Layer Interactions

RT-3.5:

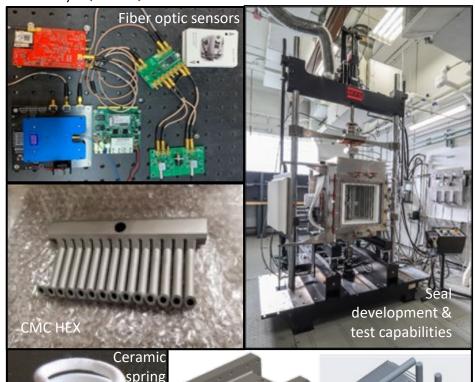
Flow Control Applications

Foster development of tools and technologies from fundamental to applied hypersonic vehicles

RT-4: High Temperature, Durable Materials



Lead: Chris Kostyk (AFRC)



RT-4.1:

Ceramic Matrix Composite (CMC) Heat Exchanger (HEX)

RT-4.2:

High Temperature Seals

RT-4.5:

High-Temperature Fiber Optic Sensors

RT-4.6:

Materials and Structures for Hypersonic Airframe Components

RT-4.7:

Materials and Structures for Hypersonic Propulsion Components

RT-4.8:

AM nozzle prototype

Ground Test Techniques

Provide demonstrated high temperature material and component solutions/ data/ lessons learned to enable reusable hypersonic vehicles



Summary

- The NASA Hypersonic Technology Project is working to enable routine, reusable, airbreathing hypersonic flight through:
 - System-Level Design, Analysis, and Validation
 - Propulsion Technologies
 - Vehicle Technologies
 - High Temperature, Durable Materials
- HTP has existing collaborations with Other Government Agencies



Questions?





Opportunity Review



FY24 NAVAL AIR WARFARE CENTER AIRCRAFT DIVISION OFFICE-WIDE BROAD AGENCY ANNOUNCEMENT (BAA)



Solicitation #N00421-24-S-0001

Who

- The Naval Air Warfare Center Aircraft Division (NAWCAD)
- Eligibility: ALL

What

The type of solicitation: Grant, BAA

When

Released: June 21, 2024

Due: 20 June, 2025

Where

- Webpage: https://grants.gov/search-results-detail/355077
- Contact information:
- NAWCAD BAA Academia Coordinator: <u>NAWCAD-Academia-BAA@us.navy.mil</u>
- NAWCAD BAA Industry Coordinator: <u>NAWCAD-Industry-BAA@us.navy.mil</u>

Why

- Funding
 - Approx. \$160,000.00 \$200,000.00 per award
 - Multiple awards
- Technical
 - The Naval Air Warfare Center Aircraft Division is interested in receiving white papers for R&D projects that strengthen NAWCAD operations with priority given to Hypersonic system research.
 - Areas of research include but are not limited to, highspeed aerodynamic, multi-physic modeling, hypersonic systems, high temperature and specific strength materials, structures and coatings, guidance, navigation and control, and advanced air-breathing propulsion



Long Range Broad Agency Announcement (BAA) for NSWC Crane



Solicitation # N0016424SNB35

- Who
 - Gov't: DoD -Naval Sea Systems Command
 - Eligibility: Unrestricted
- What
 - The type of solicitation: BAA
- When
 - Released: 1 February 2024.
 - Due: 7 February 2025

Where

- Webpage: https://grants.gov/search-results-detail/352238
- Contact information
- Technical Point of Contact: Patrick Shaffer
- Patrick.j.shaffer.civ@us.navy.mil
- Why
- Funding
 - Varies depending on technology area and technical approach
- Technical
 - R&D of technologies that support the development, integration, testing, and evaluation of HWS to include;
 - aerodynamics
 - aerothermal prediction and analysis
 - navigation and control
 - high-temperature materials
 - thermal management, sensors, and supporting algorithms.



Research Interests of the United States Air Force Academy (formerly USAFA-BAA-202) (HVSI)



FA7000-21-S-0001

- Who
 - Air Force Academy
 - Eligibility: ALL

- What
 - The type of solicitation: BAA

- When
 - Released: 02 DEC 2020
 - Due: Applications are accepted on a rolling basis

Where

- Webpage:
- https://sam.gov/opp/dfe0bf3dadef4a039cfbd10cbc10bf21/view
- Contact information: Russell M. Cummings, Ph.D.
- (719) 333-9223
- russ.cummings@afacademy.af.edu

Why

- Funding
 - Award information –
 - Up to \$99,000,000
 - Technical
- •The Hypersonic Vehicle Simulation Institute (HVSI) funds and performs a range of hypersonic research tasks in support of the DoD High Performance Computing Modernization Program (HPCMP).
- •Specific science and technology areas include turbulence, boundary layer transition, fluid-structure-thermal interactions, non-equilibrium chemistry, ablation, and combustion



USASMDC TC BAA For Science, Technology, and Test and Evaluation Research



W9113M-24-R-BAA1

Who

- DoD- U.S. Army Space and Missile Defense Command (USASMDC)
- Eligibility: ALL

What

• The type of solicitation: BAA

When

Released: 28 AUG 2024

Due: 26 AUG 2029

Where

- Webpage: https://www.smdc.army.mil/ORGANIZATION/TC/
- https://sam.gov/opp/9ec1895f936843368d8f1edc32e4912f/view
- A change to SMDTC's published BAA topics is not an amendment to this BAA and will not be posted on https://www.grants.gov/ and https://www.SAM.gov/. A change to this document (i.e., the BAA itself) will be considered an amendment and will be posted on https://www.grants.gov/ and https://www.SAM.gov/
- Contact information: Kayla James
- kayla.m.james15.civ@army.mil

Why

- Funding
 - Award information
 - Multiple awards given
 - Technical
 - areas of interest: tactical responsive space and highaltitude technologies, test and evaluation, strategic weapon technologies, and hypersonic defeat



Broad Agency Announcement for Air Delivered Effects (BAA)



Solicitation # FA8651-22-S-0001

Who

- Gov't: Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program
- Eligibility: Nonprofits, other than institutions of higher education
- Public and state controlled as well as private institutions of higher education
- Small businesses

What

The type of solicitation: Contract, BAA

When

Released: 22 March 2022

Update: 18 July 2024Due: 21 March 2027

Where

- Webpage: https://grants.gov/search-results-detail/338821
- Contact information:
- RWK BAA Monitors:
- Amy Fortenberry: amy.fortenberry.1@us.af.mil
- Shaun Williams: shaun.williams.8@us.af.mil

Why

- Funding
 - Up to \$750,000,000
- Technical

The goal:

- to perform R&D of agile weapon airframes deployed/dispensed from unmanned/manned platforms which can deliver precision-controlled effects against fixed and mobile ground and air targets in contested engagement scenarios
- Areas of interest:
 - agile weapon airframes for high-speed flight
 - high-agility airframes capable of aggressive flight maneuvers
 - networked collaboration
 - compressed carriage munitions and release mechanisms for small weapons
 - small weapon design, carriage, and dispensing technology.



University Consortium for Applied Hypersonics TEES/JHTO-RPP-2024-001 Request for Proposal



Project Call Announcement #: TEES/JHTO-RPP-2024-001

Who

- University consortium for Applied Hypersonics powered by the Texas A&M Engineering Experiment Station and The Texas A&M University System
- Joint Hypersonics Transition Office (JHTO)
- Eligibility: Candidate must be a University Consortium Member prior to submitting a Notice of Intent (NOI)

What

The type of solicitation: Contract

When

- Released: 23 July 2024
- Notice of Intent Deadline: 11 October 2024
- Prototype Proposal Submission Deadline: 15 November 2024

Where

- Webpage: https://hypersonics.tamu.edu/request-for-prototype-proposals-questions-tees-jhto-rpp-2024-001/
- Contact information:
- UCAH@tamu.edu

Why

- Funding
 - Up to \$9,000,000 (dependent upon topic)
- Technology Areas of interest:
 - 1. Rotating Detonation Engine Advancement
 - Durable seals for extreme environments.
 - 3. Seeing through high-speed turbulence for EO seekers
 - 4. Directed Energy Non-kinetic methods for integrated air and missile defense (IAMD)
 - UCAH 2024 Grand Challenge Jet Interaction in Hypersonic Flight



The AFRL Materials and Manufacturing Directorate (RX) Multiple-Authority Announcement (MAA) Photonic, Electronic & Soft Materials Division (RXE)



- A Multiple Authority Announcement (MAA) is a unique solicitation method in which various solicitation authorities are consolidated under a single announcement.
- Includes the authorities covering Broad Agency Announcements (BAA), Commercial Solution
 Openings (CSO), Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA), and 10 U.S.C. 4021, 4022, 4023

Photonic, Electronic & Soft Materials Division (RXE)

Leads research and development activities
of materials for advanced battlespace
awareness and sensing; materials for
enhanced electromagnetic spectral
dominance; and advanced materials and
processes to support contested logistic

Manufacturing and Industrial Technologies Division (RMX)

 to identify, prioritize, and integrate DAF industrial base requirements to provide the manufacturing processes, techniques, systems, energy, and equipment needed for acquisition, production, operation, and repair of DAF systems.

For more information visit: https://www.afrl.af.mil/RX/Opportunities/ https://sam.gov/opp/b95ddb585e624e549952112dd61408dd/view



FY 2025 DoD SBIR/STTR BAA Release Schedule



- In October, the BAA release schedule will change
- 12 releases
- New BAA topics will open on the first Wednesday of every month
- Some dates have changed from previous notifications
- For more information visit
 https://www.defensesbirsttr.mil/SBIR-STTR/Opportunities/

FY 2025 DoD SBIR/STTR BAA Release Schedule						
Solicitation Cycle	Pre-Release	Open	Close			
25.4/D Release 1	Oct 2, 2024	Oct 23, 2024	Nov 20, 2024			
25.4/D Release 2	Nov 6, 2024	Dec 4, 2024	Jan 8, 2025			
25.4/D Rel. 3 Joint 25.1/A	Dec 04, 2024	Jan 08, 2025	Feb 05, 2025			
25.4/D Release 4	Jan 08, 2025	Jan 29, 2025	Feb 26, 2025			
25.4/D Release 5	Feb 05, 2025	Feb 26, 2025	Mar 26, 2025			
25.4/D Release 6	Mar 05, 2025	Mar 26, 2025	Apr 23, 2025			
25.4/D Rel. 7 Joint 25.2/B	Apr 02, 2025	Apr 23, 2025	May 21, 2025			
25.4/D Release 8	May 07, 2025	May 28, 2025	Jun 25, 2025			
25.4/D Release 9	Jun 04, 2025	Jun 25, 2025	Jul 23, 2025			
25.4/D Release 10	Jul 02, 2025	Jul 23, 2025	Aug 20, 2025			
25.4/D Rel. 11 Joint 25.3/C	Aug 06, 2025	Aug 27, 2025	Sep 24, 2025			
25.4/D Release 12	Sep 03, 2025	Sep 24, 2025	Oct 22, 2025			

Helpful Links



- 1. SAM.gov Contract opportunities
- 2. GRANTS.gov Federal funding opportunities
- 3. SBIR.gov SBIR/STTR information and solicitations
- 4. defensesbirsttr.mil DoD-specific solicitation information
- 5. dodsbirsttr.mil DoD-specific solicitations
- 6. sbir.nasa.gov NASA-specific solicitations
- 7. ohiofrn.org Help with identifying opportunities, matchmaking, and proposal development
- 8. apex-innovates.org Help with SBIR/STTR process navigation and matchmaking



Upcoming Events



- ➤ AFA National Convention in-person @ National Harbor, MD, September 14-15
- > AFA Air, Space & Cyber Conference in-person @ National Harbor, MD, September 16-18
- Export Compliance Roadshow with Dept. Of Commerce in-person @ OAI, Cleveland, OH, September 17-18
- > Hypersonic Weapons Summit in-person @ Bethesda, MD, September 17-18
- > **DDC AAM Forum** in-person @ Dayton OH, September 19
- > Hypersonic Technology & Systems Conference in-person @ North Logan, UT September 23-26
- > Ohio Tech Day in-person @OAI, Cleveland, OH, September 27
- Digital Avionics Systems Conference in-person @ San Diego, CA, September 29-October 3
- DDC Ohio Defense and Aerospace Forum in-person @ Dayton, OH, October 8
- > 2nd Annual Innovation Day in-person @ Youngstown State University, October 8
- > Al Horizons Summit in-person @ Pittsburgh, October 14
- > AUSA in-person @ Washington DC, October 14-16
- ➤ Global Aerospace Update and Outlook in-person @ OAI, Cleveland OH, October 17
- ➤ **Keystone Space Annual Conference** in-person @ Pittsburgh, October 29
- NASA Evening with the Stars in-person @ Cleveland OH, November 20



Thank you

Mark Bartman, Maj Gen (Ret.), USAF
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OFRN Website https://ohiofrn.org